

**Chemical Name:** Gasket Remover

**Manufacturer:** Permatex

**Container size:** 4oz.

**Location:** VLA

**Disposal:** Place empty container in trash.

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# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

# 1. PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

PX 4MA GASKET REMOVER 120Z AE **Product Name:** 

Item No: 80646

**Product Type:** Aerosol cleaner

#### 2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients	Percent	ACGIH 8 Hr. TWA:	OSHA 8 Hr. TWA:
DICHLOROMETHANE	60-70	50 ppm TWA; 174 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA	25 ppm TWA; 125 ppm STEL (15
75-09-2			min. TWA)
2-PROPANOL	5-15	400 ppm TWA; 983 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA	400 ppm TWA
67-63-0			
XYLENE	1-10	100 ppm TWA; 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA	100 ppm TWA; 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA
1330-20-7			
PROPANE	1-10	simple asphyxiant; 2500 ppm TWA	1000 ppm TWA; 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA
74-98-6			
BUTANE [1], ISOBUTANE [2]	1-10	800 ppm TWA; 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA	800 ppm TWA; 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA
106-97-8			
ETHYL BENZENE	1-10	100 ppm TWA; 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA	100 ppm TWA; 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA
100-41-4			
2-AMINOETHANOL	1-10	3 ppm TWA; 7.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA	3 ppm TWA; 6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA
141-43-5			
SOLVENT NAPHTHA	1-10	Not Listed	400 ppm TWA; 1600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> dust
(PETROLEUM), MEDIUM ALIPH.			
64742-88-7			

#### 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**Toxicity:** 

Harmful if inhaled. Harmful if swallowed. May cause eye, skin and respiratory irritation. Vapors are anesthetic in high concentrations. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage (sometimes referred to as "solvent" or "painter's syndrome"). Symptoms include fatigue, concentration difficulties, anxiety, depression, rapid mood swings, and short-term memory loss. Prolonged exposure may cause liver and kidney effects and may affect the central nervous system. Methylene chloride will have an effect on the cardiovascular system. Inhalation of high concentrations of Methylene chloride over long periods of time has caused cancer in laboratory animals. Deliberately concentrating and inhaling the vapor may

**Primary Routes of Entry:** 

Eye and skin contact, ingestion, inhalation.

be harmful or fatal.

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure: Excessive overexposure may cause giddiness, dizziness, headache, nausea and in extreme cases, unconsciousness and respiratory depression. Inhaling may cause mild irritation to the nose, throat and respiratory tract and may result in central nervous system (CNS) depression. Overexposure may cause eye and skin redness.

Ingredients	Percent	NTP:	ACGIH Carcinogens	IARC:
DICHLOROMETHANE 75-09-2	60-70	Group 2: Suspect Carcinogen	A3 - Animal Carcinogen	Group 2B: Monograph 41, Supplement 7, Monograph 71; 1998
XYLENE 1330-20-7	1-10	male rat-no evidence; female rat-no evidence; male mice- no evidence; female mice-no evidence	as a Human Carcinogen	Group 3: Vol. 71, pg 1189, 1999
ETHYL BENZENE 100-41-4	1-10			Group 2: Vol. 77, pg 227, 2000

Medical Conditions Recognized as Heart disease, respiratory disorders, liver and kidney diseases, amenia, rhythm disorders of the heart. Being Aggravated by Exposure:

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Ingestion: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Keep individual calm. Obtain medical attention.

**Inhalation:** Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapors. If not breathing, give artificial respiration.

Obtain medical attention.

Skin Contact: Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water removing all contaminated clothes and shoes If

skin irritation persists, call a physician

Eye Contact: In case of contact, or suspected contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15

minutes and get medical attention immediately after flushing.

## 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point (°F/C): Less than 0 degrees F. Based on propellant. Recommended Extinguishing Media: Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemicals, Foam.

Special Fire-Fighting Procedures: Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Keep

containers cool. Use equipment or shielding required to protect against bursting or venting of containers. Water spray may be ineffective on flames but should be used to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Hydrogen chloride. Carbon Monoxide and Carbon Dioxide.

**Hazardous Products Formed by Fire or Thermal** 

**Decomposition:** 

Unusual Fire/Explosion Hazards:

Contents under pressure. Exposure to temperatures over 120 degrees F. may cause bursting or venting. Use equipment or shielding to protect

personnel from bursting containers.

Lower Explosive Limit: 1.0 Upper Explosive Limit: 12.7

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spill Procedures: Eliminate all sources of ignition. Maintain good ventilation. Take up with an inert absorbent. Store in a

closed waste container until disposal.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Storage:** Store away from heat, sparks or open flame. Do not store at temperatures above 120 degrees F. **Handling:** Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not use near heat, sparks or open flame. Avoid breathing vapors,

if exposed to high vapor concentration, leave area at once. Use only in a well ventilated area. Intentionally concentrating and inhaling the vapor may be harmful or fatal. Wash hands before eating,

drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Eyes:** Safety glasses. **Skin:** Rubber or plastic gloves

Ventilation: General; local exhaust ventilation as necessary to control any air contaminants to within their exposure

limits during the use of this product.

Respiratory Protection: An approved respirator (i.e. NIOSH, etc.) should be worn when exposures are expected to exceed the

applicable limits.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Clear liquid Odor: SOLVENT

Boiling Point (°F): <0 to 395 degrees F.

pH: 9.7 Solubility in Water: Nil Specific Gravity: 1.02

VOC Content(Wt.%):

Vapor Pressure:

Vapor Density (Air=1):

Evaporation Rate:

29.68 % by weight

Not Determined

Heavier than air

Faster than ether

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability: Stable at normal conditions
Hazardous Polymerization: WILL NOT OCCUR

Incompatabilities: WILL NOT OCCURRENCE MACTIVE METALS.

**Conditions to Avoid:** Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame.

Hazardous Products Formed by Fire or Thermal Hydrogen chloride. Carbon Monoxide and Carbon Dioxide.

**Decomposition:** 

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

See Section 3

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No data available

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Recommended Method of Disposal: Disposal should be made in accordance with federal, state and local regulations. This container may

be recycled in aerosol recycling centers. Before offering for recycling, empty the can by using the product according to the label. If recycling is not available, wrap the container and discard in the trash.

US EPA Waste Number: D001/F002 - Hazardous waste per 40CFR 261.21 and 261.31 (Methylene Chloride)

#### 14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

**DOT (49CFR 172)** 

**Domestic Ground Transport** 

**DOT Shipping Name:** CONSUMER COMMODITY

Hazard Class: ORM-D UN/ID Number: None Marine Pollutant: None

IATA

Proper Shipping Name: Aerosols, flammable, containing substances in Division 6.1, Packing Group III

Class or Division: Division 2.1, Subsidiary Risk 6.1

UN/NA Number: UN 1950

**IMDG** 

Proper Shipping: Aerosols, Limited Quantity

Hazard Class: Class 2.1 UN Number: UN 1950

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA 313 Chemicals: The following component(s) is listed as a SARA Section 313 Toxic Chemical.

**SARA 313 Information** 

DICHLOROMETHANE, ETHYL BENZENE, XYLENE

# **CALIFORNIA PROP 65:**

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

**TSCA Inventory Status:** 

Listed on Inventory: YES All components of this product are listed (or exempt) on the EPA TSCA inventory.

#### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Estimated NFPA Rating: HEALTH 3, FLAMMABILITY 4, REACTIVITY 1
Estimated HMIS Classification: HEALTH 3, FLAMMABILITY 4, PHYSICAL HAZARD 0

NFPA is a registered trademark of the National Fire Protection Assn. HMIS is a registered trademark of the National Paint and Coatings Assn.

Prepared By: Denise Boyd, Health and Safety Manager Revision Date: 03/04/2004

Company: Permatex. Inc. 10 Columbus Blvd. Hartford, CT USA Revision 4

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