





EVLA LO/IF SYSTEM

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SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

- LO Phase Stability
- Phase Noise
- Deviation from linear phase
- Amplitude flatness and stability
- Fringe tracking
- Phase switching





LO Phase Stability

Short term: <0.5pS RMS for times <1s

Long term: Linear Slope over 30min <1.4ps

Peak to peak phase deviations over 30min <1.4ps -linear slope

Phase shift with pointing change:

<.7ps over whole sky

<.07ps per degree of slew for short slews at elevations under 60 degrees





Phase noise Current systems 5MHz clean up oscillator specs vs new 512MHz OFFSET Hz OLD RATIO dBc NEW RATIO dBc -100 (-60) -74 -145 (-105) 100-105 1000-165 (-125) -135 Designing with low noise YIGS





Deviation from linear phase, amplitude flatness, and amplitude stability

Still working on specification







Fringe rotation and phase switching

Not needed for new correlator But is needed for the transition phase of the project.

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SYSTEM COMPONENTS

- Central reference system
- First LO system
- Second LO system
- Antenna reference system
- IF system





- Samplers
- Transition hardware
- Round trip phase measurement
- Other components



CENTRAL REF SYS



Generates and distributes all the references required by the system.
19.2Hz will be used for the transition period and changed after all the new hardware is on line.



CENTRAL REF SYS



References generated 512MHz, 128MHz, 256MHz, 32MHz, 19.2Hz, 5MHz, And low freq timing signals



1ST LO SYSTEM



1st LO SynthesizerFreq range12 to 20 GHzStep size512MHz+/-DDSFreq offsets provided by the DDSFringe rotation and phase switching provided
by the DDS



2ND LO SYSTEM



2nd LO SynthesizerFreq range10.8 to 14.8 GHzStep size128MHz+/-DDSFreq offsets provided by the DDSFringe rotation and phase switching provided
by the DDS



ANT REF SYSTEM



Generates and distributes all the references required by the antenna
References
128MHz, 256MHz, 512MHz, 1024MHz, 2048MHz, 4096MHz, 19.2Hz, 9.6Hz, and low freq timing signals



IF SYSTEM



The IF system is to provide the path for the IFs from the front end to the correlator.It consists of frequency converters, switches and samplers.



IF SYSTEM



- 4 converters required
- 2 up converters
- 2 down converters
- 1st IF 8 to 12 GHz
- 2nd IF is either 2 to 4 or 1 to 2 GHz

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IF SYSTEM



 Mechanical switches required to switch between front ends and to switch the 1st LO between converters/front ends



BASEBAND CONVERTER



- Baseband converter splits IFs into two 2 to 4 GHz sub IFs or
- Provides one 1 to 2 GHz IF for high resolution sampling
- Provides total power detection on each IF



SAMPLERS



- Eight wide band 3 bit samplers provided with 4096MHz clock for harmonic sampling
- Four high resolution 8 bit samplers provided with 2048MHz clock for harmonic sampling



TRANSITION HARDWARE



- Hardware is provided to make the new antennas compatible with the old correlator.
- Hardware consists of decimator, FIR filter, and an 8 bit D to A converter



ROUND TRIP PHASE



- Round trip phase measurement will be provided
- 512MHz sent to antenna and Put through clean up loop then sent back and compared with an offset 512MHz



ROUND TRIP PHASE



- Measurement of phase is necessary due to temperature effects on fiber
- Measurement may also be required due to mechanical stretching of fiber by antenna movement





 Other components that are required are the T4 IF filter and the T5 baseband driver. These are required for the transition only