

PASEO Meeting

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The EVLA pipeline and reference images

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Atacama Large Millimeter/submillimeter Array

Expanded Very Large Array

Robert C. Byrd Green Bank Telescope

Very Long Baseline Array



Overview

- Outline of talk
 - Plans for the EVLA pipeline and reference images
 - Relevant details of the EVLA pipeline processing
 - Remaining issues
- Conclusions
 - OSRO data products can be provided by 2011 using AIPS
 - SRO data products planned in 2012 using CASA
 - WIDAR/CASA data handling learning curve for everyone
 - Simultaneous commissioning of EVLA/WIDAR, CASA, pipeline

Plans for the EVLA pipeline

- Staged approach during shared risk (early science) observing period
 - Expand on the AIPS VLA pipeline to provide data products for OSRO
 - Works already on multitude of different VLA data
 - EVLA OSRO is “VLA like”
 - VLA pipeline in AIPS needs only minor modifications for OSRO
 - Can expand with recent AIPS algorithms not yet in CASA
 - Start late summer, 1-2 FTE months, deliver products in winter
 - Develop similar EVLA pipeline in CASA
 - Primary goal: calibration tables and reference images (+code/logs)
 - Learning curve for e.g. wide bandwidths, new calibration strategies, dealing with large amounts of data and many different subbands, ...
 - Start in fall/winter, 6-8(?) FTE months, deliver next winter

Plans for the EVLA pipeline (cont.)

- Expand on the CASA pipeline to provide data products for SRO
 - More subband pairs, different subband pair setups
 - Better RFI excision, wide field (etc.) algorithms
 - Matured EVLA data path, flux models, calibration strategies, ...
 - Matured quality assurance (also new in AIPS)
 - Extract new calibrator properties, polarization images
 - Gradual evolution of CASA EVLA pipeline during last year of SRO
 - Expect only a few modifications may be needed for reference images during full science operations
- No specialized data reduction in pipeline:
 - Not needed for reference images (see next)
 - Leave to user as it depends on (unknown) science goal

EVLA reference images

- EVLA reference images are total intensity continuum images of part of the primary beam produced by only simple CLEANing of each spectral band of the calibrated data of a standard observation as performed by the EVLA pipeline version available at the time of processing and using only information contained in the data itself without any SELF-CAL or other special processing for a particular science goal
- The NRAO VLA Archive Survey has produced ~195,000 of such images
- The reference images can be used as first indication of data quality
- Best effort approach can never correct for bad observing conditions
- Quality depends on using “standard observing modes” and
 - Performance of hardware (antenna mechanics, receiver band, correlator glitches)
 - Actual weather conditions (should improve with dynamic scheduling)
 - Radio Frequency Interference (application of automated editing algorithms)
 - Observing strategy (provide template observing blocks and staff resources)

Home Links

NRAO, the National Radio
Astronomy Observatory

NRAO Data [Archive](#) System

NRAO Very Large Array ([VLA](#))

NRAO Astronomical Image
Processing System ([AIPS](#))

Main page ([NVAS Home](#))

NRAO [Large](#) proposal links

Cone Search (uses cookies)

Name look up :
(paste J2000 below)

Position J

Radius arcminutes

RMS ≤ microJy

- ☐ Scale (?5 GHz)/frequency
☐ Do not scale search radius

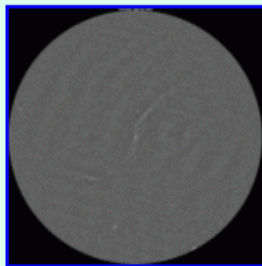
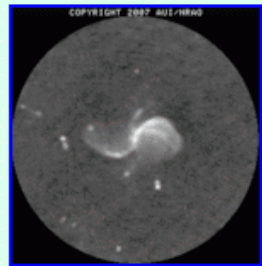
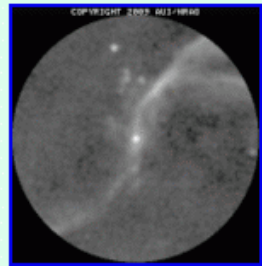
Frequency ranges:

Separate VLA images:

- [NVSS](#) (AllSky 1.4 GHz/45")
- [FIRST](#) (SDSS 1.4 GHz/5")
- [Faint 51 & 10 GHz/5"](#)

Index of J121857.5+471814 Generated on 2010 Jun 07 (02:14 MDT)

These images were generated on a **best effort** basis using the [VLA pipeline in AIPS](#).

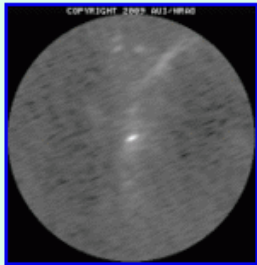
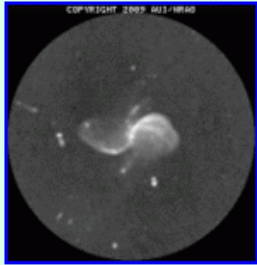
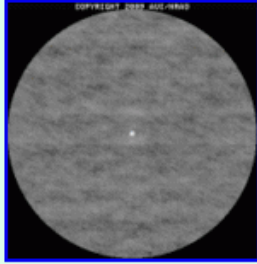
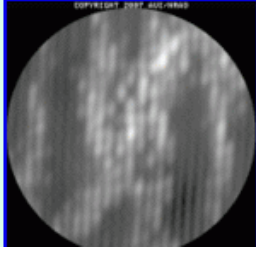
| Basic Info | UV Info | JPEG | Image Info | Links |
|---|---|---|--|--|
| 12h18m57.5s 47d18'14" (J2000 image center) 1995 AUG 28 1.41 GHz (L-band) Version: 2009 Jan 29 | Full polarization A/A configuration 27 antennas subarray 1 Calibrated uv-FITS 56MBytes |  | Stokes I Beam = 1.23 arcsec fov: R = 3.92 arcmin rms = 23.9 microJy Download FITS image 5.7MBytes | General data log u-v data coverage Re-lm data plot visibility plot AIPS pipeline runs Original u-v data |
| Basic Info | UV Info | JPEG | Image Info | Links |
| 12h18m57.5s 47d18'14" (J2000 image center) 1997 JUL 15 1.44 GHz (L-band) Version: 2007 Jun 13 | Full polarization C/C configuration 27 antennas subarray 1 Calibrated uv-FITS 75MBytes |  | Stokes I Beam = 14.2 arcsec fov: R = 10.1 arcmin rms = 63.8 microJy Download FITS image 371KBytes | General data log u-v data coverage Re-lm data plot visibility plot AIPS pipeline runs Original u-v data |
| Basic Info | UV Info | JPEG | Image Info | Links |
| 12h18m57.5s 47d18'14" (J2000 image center) 1987 DEC 11 1.51 GHz (L-band) Version: 2009 May 12 | Full polarization B/B configuration 26 antennas subarray 1 Calibrated uv-FITS 47MBytes |  | Stokes I Beam = 4.05 arcsec fov: R = 1.64 arcmin rms = 37.4 microJy Download FITS image 397KBytes | General data log u-v data coverage Re-lm data plot visibility plot AIPS pipeline runs Original u-v data |

- VLSS (AllSky 75 MHz/80")
- NRAO Image Gallery

Browse:

- **README !** (pop-up window)
- **README !** (in the browser)
- VLA archive images
- Dates processed
- Projects processed
- AIPS pipeline code

Version 2008-Sep-26 [an error occurred while processing this directive]

| Basic Info | UV Info | JPEG | Image Info | Links |
|---|---|---|--|--|
| 12h18m57.5s 47d18'14" (J2000 image center) 1987 NOV 6 1.51 GHz (L-band) Version: 2009 May 08 | Full polarization B/A configuration 26 antennas subarray 1 Calibrated uv-FITS 43MBytes |  | Stokes I Beam = 3.07 arcsec fov: R = 1.07 arcmin rms = 39.6 microJy Download FITS image 397KBytes | General data log u-v data coverage Re-lm data plot visibility plot AIPS pipeline runs Original u-v data |
| Basic Info | UV Info | JPEG | Image Info | Links |
| 12h18m57.5s 47d18'14" (J2000 image center) 1988 MAR 22 1.51 GHz (L-band) Version: 2009 Mar 30 | Full polarization C/C configuration 26 antennas subarray 1 Calibrated uv-FITS 82MBytes |  | Stokes I Beam = 13.1 arcsec fov: R = 10.1 arcmin rms = 292. microJy Download FITS image 397KBytes | General data log u-v data coverage Re-lm data plot visibility plot AIPS pipeline runs Original u-v data |
| Basic Info | UV Info | JPEG | Image Info | Links |
| 12h18m57.5s 47d18'14" (J2000 image center) 1997 JAN 7 1.69 GHz (L-band) Version: 2009 Feb 05 | Full polarization A/A configuration 27 antennas subarray 1 Calibrated uv-FITS 23MBytes |  | Stokes I Beam = 1.11 arcsec fov: R = 42.0 arcsec rms = 41.6 microJy Download FITS image 506KBytes | General data log u-v data coverage Re-lm data plot visibility plot AIPS pipeline runs Original u-v data |
| Basic Info | UV Info | JPEG | Image Info | Links |
| 12h18m57.5s 47d18'14" (J2000 image center) 1999 JUN 3 1.69 GHz (L-band) Version: 2007 Apr 27 | Full polarization A/A configuration 27 antennas subarray 1 Calibrated uv-FITS 21MBytes |  | Stokes I Beam = 5.83 arcsec fov: R = 1.16 arcmin rms = 126. microJy Download FITS image 506KBytes | General data log u-v data coverage Re-lm data plot visibility plot AIPS pipeline runs Original u-v data |

Relevant pipeline details

- Data should enable pipelining
 - Requires standard observation strategy for high probability of success
 - Observer supplies “clues” when creating observing schedule
 - Clues in the data drive the non-project-specific pipeline
 - Non-astronomer should be able to operate and assess
- User has to be able to reproduce results
 - Use CASA tasks and toolkit only; no proprietary or specific code
 - Provide variables and log along with calibration tables/reference image
- Design to add new insight in evolving versions
 - New commissioned and more complicated WIDAR setups
 - Advances in wide band calibration techniques, etc.
 - Algorithms not yet in CASA, such as automated quality assessment
 - Details of evolution are matter of future experience and development

Remaining issues

- Currently commissioning a new instrument (EVLA+WIDAR), completing the functionality and developing new algorithms in the data reduction package (CASA) and designing a calibration data pipeline in parallel
 - Some functionality/algorithms in the pipeline may be missing at first
 - Need to manage community's expectations
- Exact details on dealing with complex WIDAR data in CASA unknown
 - Need more experience, and that will take time
 - Formulate, program and test algorithms before adding to pipeline
 - Will have to incorporate into CASA development
- OSRO data manageable with existing algorithms and processors
 - Can start with pipelining OSRO data before above is resolved
- Full science observing pipeline and reference images expected to need only small modifications, mainly to deal with more data in a faster way

Conclusions

- OSRO data products can be provided by 2011 using AIPS
- SRO data products planned in 2012 using CASA
- WIDAR/CASA data handling learning curve for everyone
- Simultaneous commissioning of EVLA/WIDAR, CASA, pipeline