



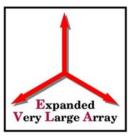


Software Development at NRAO for Science Support

Nicole Radziwill, AD End to End Operations

Radziwill





- Deliver reliable, maintainable software systems for telescope operations, reusing concepts, designs and code wherever possible
- Broaden access to our instruments throughout the user community and provide users of NRAO research facilities with a consistent experience
- Achieve efficiency and effectiveness in software operations

Cooperation across NRAO occurs to meet these goals:

- First goal is primary responsibility of telescope software groups
- Second is primary responsibility of End to End Operations
- Third is everyone's responsibility

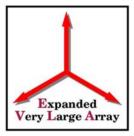




- **Telescope Computing Groups (e.g. EVLA Computing)** getting the instrument to function well and be useful in an observing context
 - Monitor & Control
 - Observing
 - Scheduling
- End to End Operations (E2E) providing a consistent experience to the end user, integrating work with other NRAO telescopes
 - Portal for online access & communication with scientists
 - Proposal Submission
 - Data Analysis/Pipelines (including coordination of algorithm R&D)
 - Operations Analytics
 - Archive Access & Infrastructure
 - Science information on main NRAO web



External Focus



- E2E role is also differentiated from telescope software groups by its external focus, which includes:
 - Coordination with NRAO Education & Public Outreach (science web, presentation of our capabilities as One Observatory)
 - Coordination with NRAO Computing & Information Services (for example, transitioning HPC facilities from R&D to operations)
 - Coordination with NRAO Science & Academic Affairs on policy issues (e.g. data archive and proposal policies)
 - Coordination with NRAO HR (broadening access to diverse groups)
 - Establishment/maintenance of external relationships (Pittsburgh Supercomputer Center, NCSA)
 - Pursuit of external, non-programmatic funding



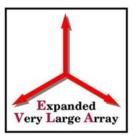
High-Performance Computing (HPC)



- Making better use of HPC (e.g. clusters, GPUs, FPGAs) is critical to meeting the needs for data handling and data processing, especially for EVLA
- We are working to ensure that NRAO software engineering staff can develop and expand their HPC skills
 - More involvement and participation in national HPC community
 - Need to leverage national facilities (NCSA, PSC, NMCAC etc)
- Algorithm R&D proposal submitted to NSF in July
 - $-\frac{1}{2}$ FTE at supercomputer center dedicated to NRAO for 5 yrs
 - Access to 2 postdoc and 2 grad students each year for support



Major Subsystems



- High Level Architecture (HLA)
- Portal (user authentication/gateway)
- Proposal preparation and handling (PST/PHT)
- Observation preparation (OPT)
- Array Scheduling (OST)
- Archive access & infrastructure (AAT)
- Activities & current status of Data Analysis to follow
- Algorithm R&D technical details discussed later



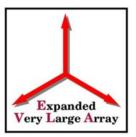
E2E Contribution

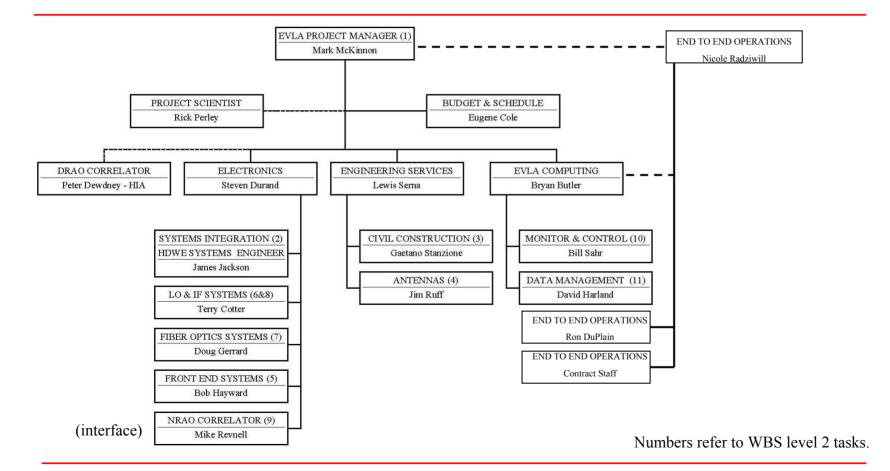


- High Level Architecture (HLA)
- **Portal (user authentication/gateway)**
- **Proposal preparation and handling (PST/PHT)**
- Observation preparation (OPT)
- Array Scheduling (OST)
- Archive access & infrastructure (AAT)
- Data Analysis & Algorithm Development
 - Primary EVLA subsystems will be discussed by B. Butler
 - E2E subsystems will be discussed by N. Radziwill



EVLA Project Organization

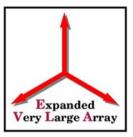




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E2E Resources



Nicole Radziwill, AD End to End Operations Ed Fomalont, Project Scientist, End to End Operations

Algorithm Research & Development

Sanjay Bhatnagar Kumar Golap George Moellenbrock Steve Myers (25%) Ed Fomalont Urvashi Rao-Venkata Abittur Juan Uson, Bill Cotton, Rob Reid, Brian Mason, Scott Ransom

Data Management & High Performance Computing

Gareth Hunt Darrell Schiebel Boyd Waters Wes Young John Benson Ron DuPlain Joe Brandt, Amy Shelton (25%) Eric Sessoms Libby Miller Pat Murphy, Stephan Witz (50% each in webmaster position) *Tony Remijan*

Observatory-Wide Science Support

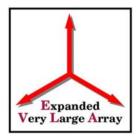
McMullin/Replacement
David King
Laura Glendenning
Dana Balser (50%)
Jared Crossley (75%)
Ashish Arte and Paul Schock at Open Sky Software in Austin, TX working on Interactive Services/PST/etc.
Darren Hoyt at Category 4 Solutions in Charlottesville, VA working on web and design issues

Individuals in **boldface** are full-time NRAO employees; others are fixed-term or contract employees.

Individuals in italics participate in these activities in their research time and are not committed to specific deliverables.

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E2E Contributions

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Interactive Services Portal (http://my.nrao.edu)

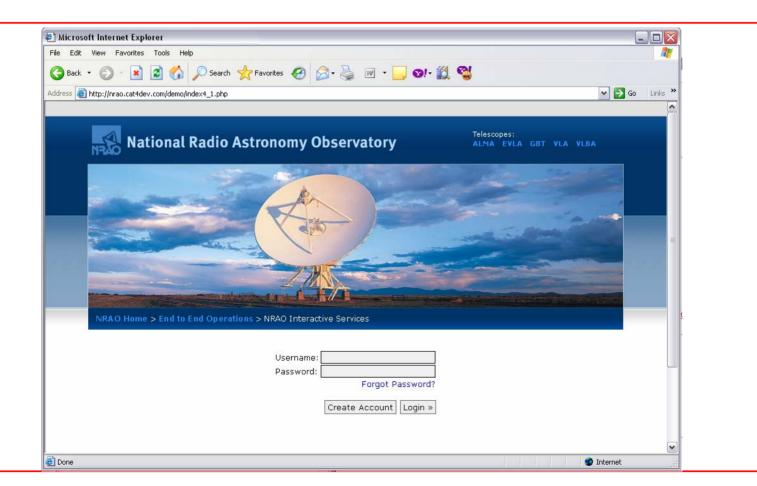


- Initial version of portal developed by EVLA Computing
- Used in a number of proposal calls
- Being used for development of Observation Preparation Tool, Observation Scheduling Tool, Operator's Screen
- Turned over to E2E/OpenSky at June 2007 proposal deadline; upgraded for October 1 proposal deadline, after which EVLA applications can be retrofit to updated portal



Portal Login



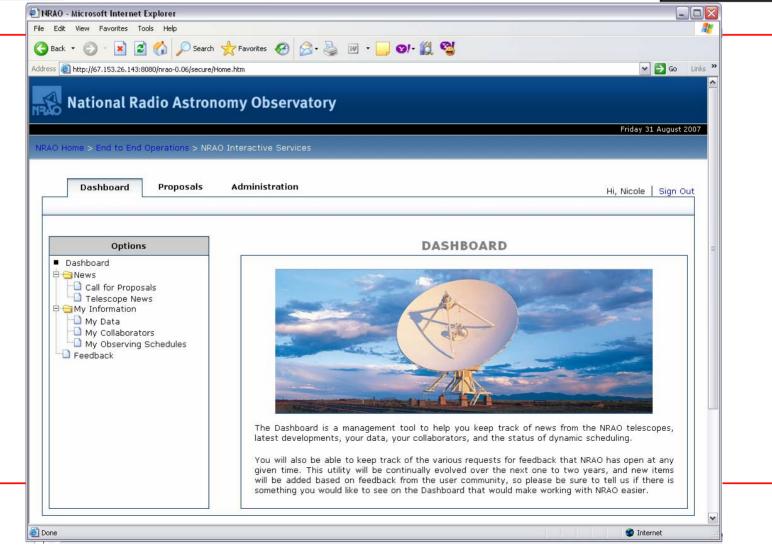


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Portal Dashboard



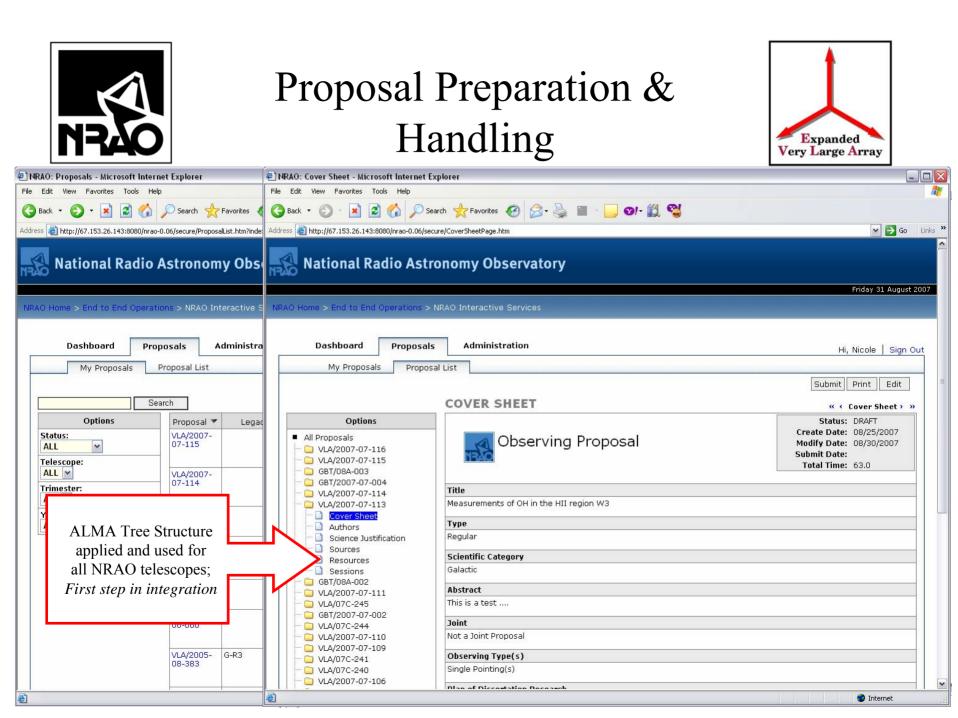




Proposal Preparation (PST) & Handling (PHT)



- Originally developed by EVLA Computing and used in a number of proposal calls for VLA and GBT
- Turned over to E2E/OpenSky for June 2007 proposal deadline; upgraded for Oct 2007
- Must still get EVLA hardware definitions supported (notably WIDAR)
- Full proposal handling system & VLBA integration planned for February 2008 proposal deadline
- Results from dynamic scheduling required to transition from instrument-centric view (sources, resources, sessions) to science objectives view (ALMA approach)



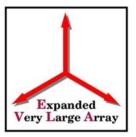


Archive access (AAT)



- Searches and retrieves data from the disk archive
- Raw data and processed products made available
- Will support Virtual Observatory (VO) access on the processed products
- EVLA will have common science data model and already has archive storage software and hardware (NGAS) in common with ALMA, so archive access tool can and will be common

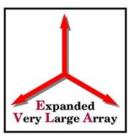




- VLA and VLBA raw data currently accessible via web application, available and continually refined since October 2003
- Non-proprietary data openly available
- Proprietary data made available via portal login or staffgenerated "key"
- Both simple (Project ID, for example), and complex (akin to VO cone search) searches supported
- More data downloaded via this mechanism than is taken real-time at the VLA (~3 GB/day)
- Screen shots of recent work to follow

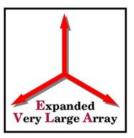
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- Updated archive access tools for VLA/GBT/12m/140ft are being made available in Fall 2007
- Access to observing scripts and logs made available for VLA Fall 2007 and GBT Spring 2008
- E2E providing support for archive development required to support WIDAR in Summer 2008
- Interface between shared and non-shared EVLA subsystems is through archive





- Exciting year, with the beta release coming up next month, and phase-in of user support for the beta test group
- "Train the trainer" and tutorials planned this winter and spring
- Details about the package and its current capabilities to be provided by Joe McMullin



Algorithm R&D



KEY ISSUES

- Processing is inefficient at present, 10-50x speedup beneficial by itself
- Larger data volumes will require faster processing
- More sophisticated algorithms required to achieve higher dynamic ranges

• 2007.8 to 2008.4 (before WIDAR)

- CASA betas, ramping up user support, infrastructure support, continued EVLA debugging in AIPS
- Continued algorithm development of stationary (parallactic angle) primary beam effects
- Begin HPC investigations with November 2007 workshop; substantial progress can be made here

• 2008.4 to 2010 (debugging WIDAR, first science)

- WIDAR correlator tests: AIPS \rightarrow CASA transition to debugging, checking
- Commissioning basic correlator modes with 'simple' science
- Aggressively pursue wide-field/wide-bandwidth imaging, multi-line spectral imaging
- HPC I/O strategies determined and beginning implementation
- 2010 to 2013 (evolving into mature EVLA capabilities)
 - Shared-risk science support \rightarrow algorithm development motivator
 - HPC and I/O further improvements to handle harder EVLA cases
 - Progress on 10⁵ DR, wide-field, wide-bandwidth imaging, full spectral line support.

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Backup



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Algorithm R&D/HPC

Issues for EVLA



	Low Frequency	,	High Frequency			
All Cases (observation dependent)	Pointing Self-Cal Non-isoplanatic calibration issues ionospheric/tropospheric effects tha range) RFI mitigation (detection, flagging,	at limit dynamic	Ionosphere not an issue • Removing tropospheric effects			
Continuum Imaging	Wide-band high fidelity imaging		Data volume/processing times			
Continuum Imaging (Full Polarization)	 Wide-band high fidelity imaging Wide-field full polarization imaging primary need is to make the process efficient) Wide-band wide-field full polarization 	sing more	• Data volume/processing (4 data streams as compared to single polarization continuum imaging)			
Spectral Line Imaging	Data volume/processing		Data volume/processing (more spectral lines, more channels)			
Spectral Line Imaging (Full Polarization)	• Data volume/processing (4 data str compared to single polarization con		• Data volume/processing (more spectral lines, more channels, 4 data streams)			
All Cases (systematic improvement of imaging process)	Multi-scale deconvolution/MEM	Blue – pr Orange – pro	<u>Color Key:</u> roblem is well in hand, many options available roblem more complex, but solvable with time blem much more complex, must focus resources t complex problems, dependent on other solns			