

NRAO Support for Algorithm Development

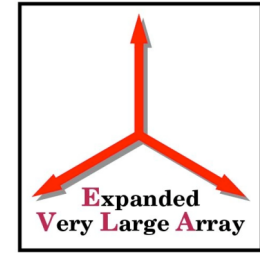
Ed Fomalont, Project Scientist

Nicole Radziwill, AD

NRAO End to End Operations



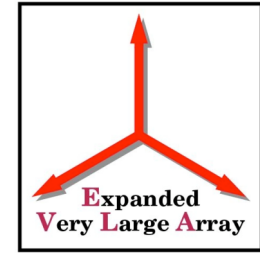
Observatory-Wide Support



- EVLA imaging will have unprecedented dynamic range, sensitivity and spectral resolution
 - Such images are not obtained ‘automatically’. Imaging based on VLA exp
 - Need high performance computing, algorithms, convenient user-systems
- Myers presentation gave highlights of current and anticipated algorithm effort.
 - NRAO has a lot of talented people available to achieve the EVLA goals
 - Recent effort concentrated on making software packages robust
 - A lack of observatory-wide coordination in meeting these goals
 - Insufficient documentation, publicizing of NRAO algorithm effort
- E2E operations has the charge to insure these high quality EVLA images by: increasing observatory-wide support and coordination, funding additional resources, and filling gaps in overall effort.



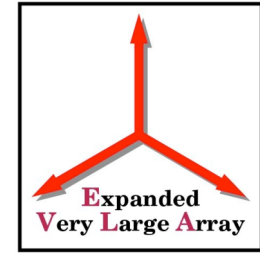
E2E Goals for Algorithm R&D



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- Promote **vitality in communications and collaborations** among scientific and technical staff
 - **Separate efforts** of algorithm R&D and production software implementation to promote wide involvement in problem solving
 - Develop our **core capabilities** in the related areas of algorithm R&D for science and High Power Computing (HPC)
 - **Invest** in R&D equipment that can be used by a wide audience throughout NRAO and outside, especially for hard EVLA problems
 - **Partner** with others in astronomy, mathematicians, computer scientists, scientific computing specialists, image processing specialists, and students more frequently and effectively
 - **Improve our internal organization** of these efforts to better support all of the above
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E2E Organization in Support of Algorithm R&D

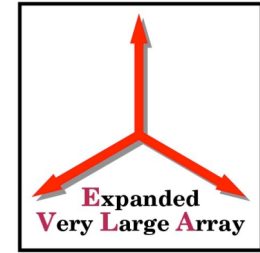


Ed Fomalont – coordinating strategic scientific efforts across
Observatory

- Steve Myers – technical coordination for interferometric and “hybrid” efforts
- Crystal Brogan - ALMA; Michael Rupen - EVLA
- Cotton, Greisen, Owen, Perley, Uson, vanMoorsel, Whysong
- **Bhatnager, Golap, Moellenbrock, Urvashi, King**
- Dana Balser – technical coordination for single dish efforts
- Scott Ransom – technical coordination for pulsar work
- Ron DuPlain – technical coordination for HPC work
- Nicole Radziwill – strategic alliances with HPC organizations, external funding



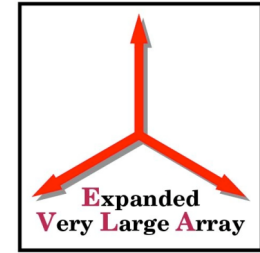
Present E2E Efforts



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- **Stronger CV-AOC Link:** CASA group to CV, CV developers to AOC
 - **Algorithm R&D Week** workshops:
 - AstroGPU (November 9-10, 2007) - Princeton
 - Supercomputing 07 (November 11-14, 2007) - Reno
 - EVLA algorithm workshop (November 15-17, 2007) - Socorro
 - 2008 workshop plans: mosaicing, GBT feed array, HPC
 - **Free up CASA developers' time:** Bhatnagar, Golap, Moellenbrock
 - Additional FTE support for user-oriented issues.
 - Aggressively pursuing **external funding** & collaborations (e.g. NSF OCI petascale applications with Pittsburgh Supercomputer Center)
 - **Establish a memo series** to better communicate issues, progress and results; promote publishing journals (e.g. A&A, IEEE, SIAM)
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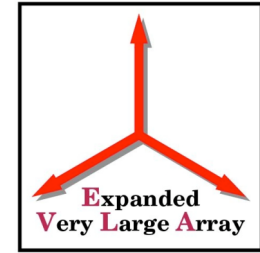
Present E2E Investment



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- **Algorithm R&D support will be ~\$180K/yr**
 - From NRAO E2E Operations, not EVLA construction/contingency
 - \$100K/yr: Hire support staff (1.5 FTE) to free developer time for R&D from core group of people at NRAO. Next week 0.5 FTE arrives
 - Support workshops, collaborations, travel (~\$50K/yr)
 - Equipment investments (~\$30K/yr)
 - **External Grant Proposals**
 - Proposal submitted to NSF OCI (Petascale Applications) July 2007
\$2M/5 yr for 0.3 supercomputing expert P/T at PSC, 2 graduate students, 1+ postdoc through UVA Computational Science Center. Decision Feb 2008
 - **Collaboration and visits from other institutions:**
 - ALMA, LWA, LOFAR, ATA, eMERLIN, SKA, VLBA: colloquia, visits for one week to several months.
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Algorithm Memos



All memos will be collected soon in the Algorithm R&D Memo Series

Casa-based investigations (<http://www.aoc.nrao.edu/evla/memolist.shtml>)

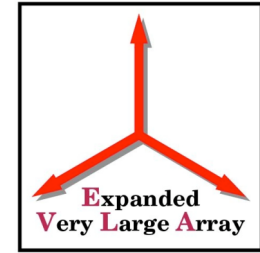
- EVLA Memo 62: Polarization effects in imaging
- EVLA Memo 67: W-projection wide-field imaging
- EVLA Memo 84, 100: Pointing self-calibration
- EVLA Memo 101: Multi-frequency synthesis

Obit-based (<http://www.cv.nrao.edu/~bcotton/Obit.html>)

- Image pixelization and dynamic range
 - Automatic CLEAN windowing
 - Beam squint and Stokes V on the VLA
 - Several ionospheric-effect papers
 - <http://www.atn.csiro.au/projects/sky/Memoseries.html> (SKA)
 - <http://www.aoc.nrao.edu/aips/aipsmemo.html> (AIPS)
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Overview of EVLA Needs (1)



KEY ISSUES

- Processing is inefficient at present
- Larger data volumes will require faster processing
- More sophisticated algorithms required to achieve higher dynamic ranges

Present inefficient processing

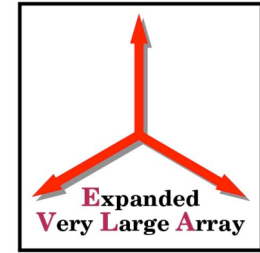
- Can barely keep up with harder VLA problems
- Speed-up of factor of 10 to 50 would help significantly with no other advance
- Clusters/multi-processing, develop internal expertise, get external guidance

Large data volumes

- EVLA volume (25 Mbyte/s in 2011) from 10 to 100 times that of VLA
- Fast efficient I/O, data archiving and format, central data access
- Convenient platform for users of big data sets



Overview of EVLA Needs (2)



More sophisticated algorithms

Existing algorithms, techniques OK to about 1000:1 dynamic range (DR)

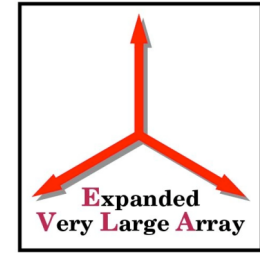
Increase efficiency of algorithms in cluster/multi-processing environments

Develop algorithms to go from 10^3 to 10^5 DR (~easiest to hardest, but linked)

- Incorporate known and parallactic primary beam effects
- Recognize and remove low level interference (gross interference easier to remove)
- Extended source deconvolution techniques
- Wide-field imaging:
 - slowly changing pointing errors (algorithm or reference pointing)
 - Non-isoplanicity (>1.0 GHz minor, <1.0 GHz major problem, but not key EVLA science)
- Wide-bandwidth imaging: hybrid to full bandwidth implementation
- Band-pass closure, time variations, continuum subtraction, strong line contamination
- Unexpected limitations (eg. baseline closure errors, system non-linearities, OTF map)
- Polarization changes over band-pass/beam, understand corruption of I



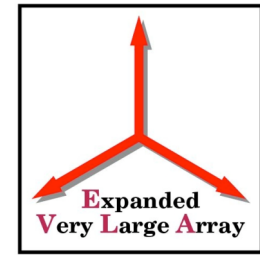
R&D Timescales



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- **2007.8 to 2008.4 (before WIDAR)**
 - CASA beta releases, ramping up user support, CASA infrastructure support
 - Continued EVLA debugging using AIPS with a lot of hard, investigatory work
 - Continued algorithm development of stationary (parallactic angle) primary beam effects
 - Begin HPC investigations with November 2007 workshop; substantial progress can be made
 - Complete SDM filler into CASA from WIDAR correlator
 - **2008.4 to 2010 (debugging WIDAR, first science)**
 - WIDAR correlator tests: AIPS → CASA transition to debugging, checking
 - Commissioning basic correlator modes with good science, but easier problems
 - High frequency continuum, multi-line spectral imaging - medium-hard problems
 - Testing and software for special correlator modes
 - HPC implementation; I/O strategy set and beginning implementation
 - Algorithms must be easily available for astronomical use
 - **2010 to 2013 (evolving into mature EVLA capabilities)**
 - Shared-risk science support → algorithm development motivator
 - HPC and I/O further improvements to handle harder EVLA cases
 - Progress on 10^5 DR, wide-field, wide-bandwidth imaging, full spectral line support.
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Future Considerations



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- **Possible software trade-offs:**
 - Limited resources are available; must prioritize the software development for maximum science output and EVLA output volume and modes
 - Will reevaluate resources and goals every six months (in November and May) to ensure that we are on track
 - **Computing Efficiency (CE) and I/O speed:**
 - Good algorithmic development will depend on CE and I/O. Cluster/parallel processing investigation and development crucial
 - Evolve into processing platform for EVLA users, especially hard problems
 - **How much automated processing should a user rely on?**
 - Good pipeline for initial calibration, editing, band-pass. Can probably use ALMA infrastructure. Pipelining of hard projects difficult.