



EVLA Computing

Organization/Development



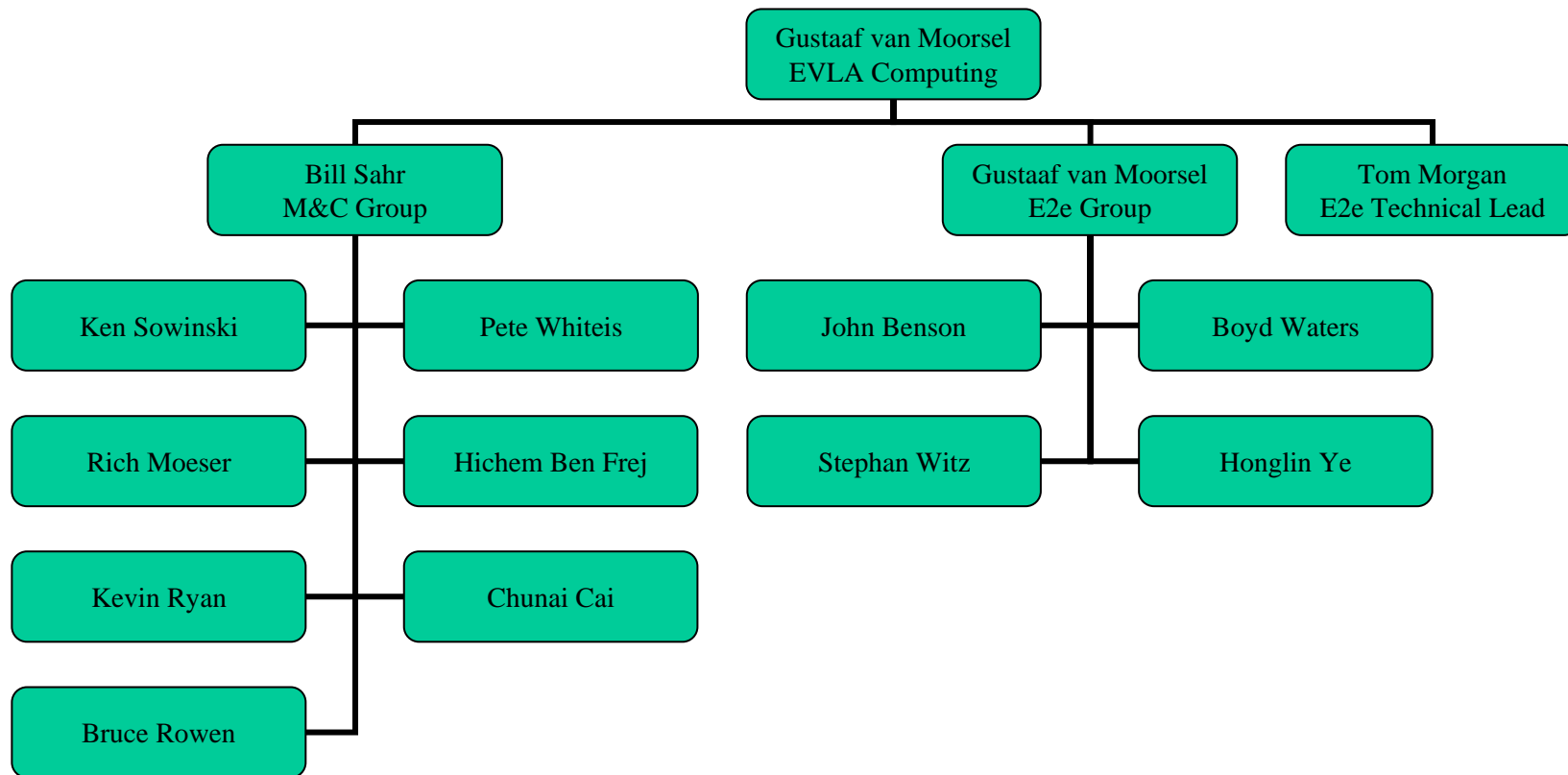
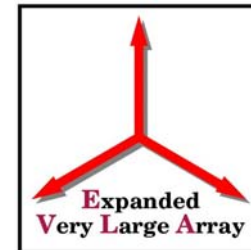
EVLA Computing



- Started September 1, 2003
- Head (Gustaaf van Moorsel)
- M&C Group (Bill Sahr)
 - 7 software engineers (2 device-level programmers, 5 general real-time programmers)
 - All from 'old' computing division real-time group
- E2e group (Gustaaf van Moorsel/Tom Morgan)
 - 3 software engineers, 1 scientist
 - 3 moved over from 'old' Data Management, and have largely retained their previous responsibilities
- Associated:
 - Bryan Butler (EVLA Software Project Scientist)
 - Barry Clark (EVLA System Engineer for Software)



EVLA Computing Org Chart





Current Manpower breakdown (FTEs)



	#staff	total EVLA	contributed effort	EVLA funded	non-EVLA duties
management	1.0	0.7	0.7	0.0	0.3
M&C Group	8.7	7.5	4.3	3.2	1.2
E2e Group	4.3	1.7	1.0	0.7	2.6
total	14.0	9.9	6.0	3.9	4.1



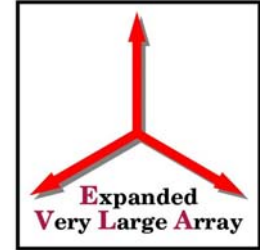
Methodology



- Most work done in teams
 - Membership from both groups (M&C and e2e)
 - Each team is handed a well-defined task
 - Disbanded when task finished; members reassigned
 - Bi-weekly coordination meeting with progress reports
- Examples of teams:
 - Overall design (December 03 – June 04)
 - Module/device programming (continuous)
 - Distributed communications (July – October 04)
 - Proposal tool (February 04 –)

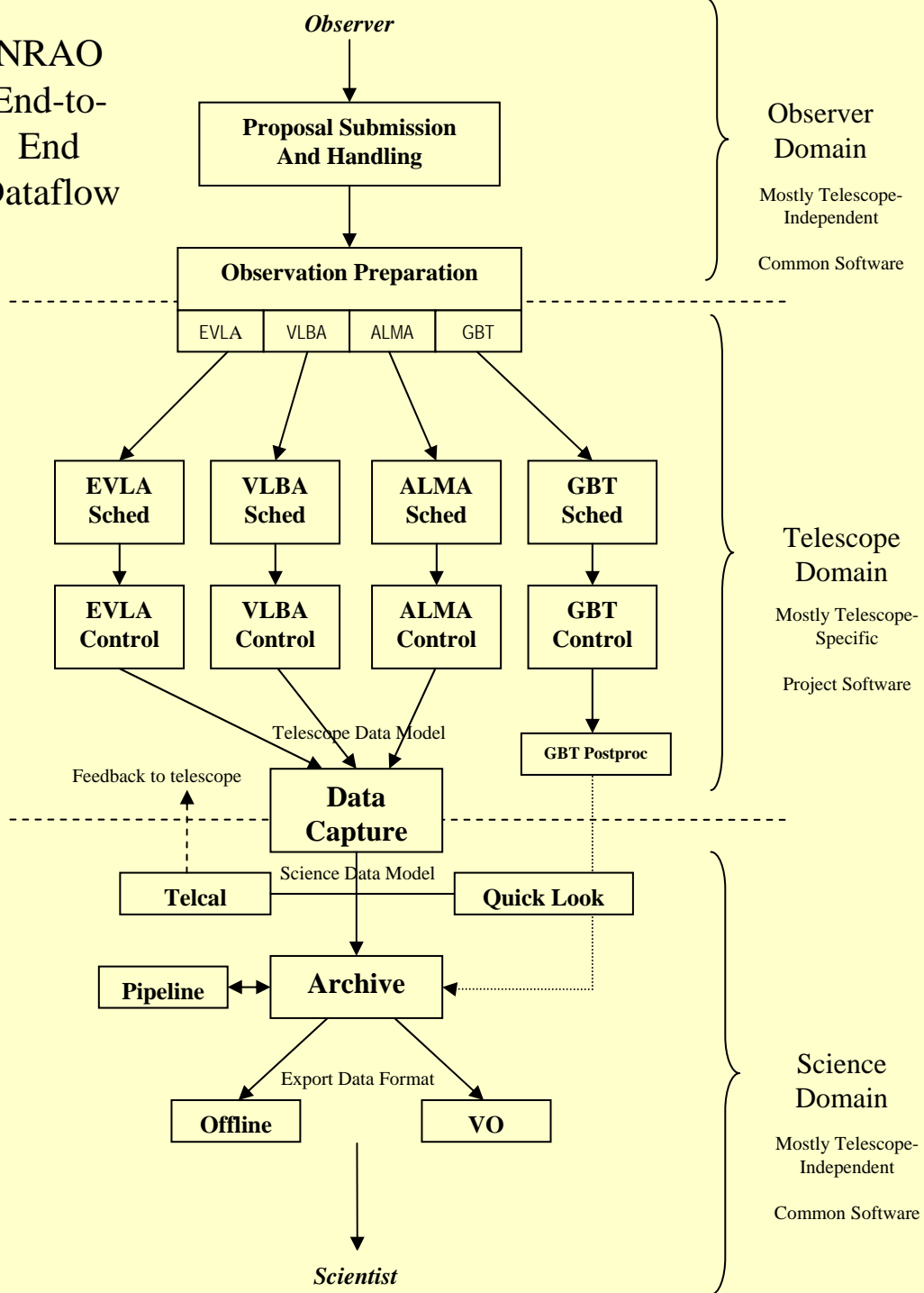


EVLA Overall Software Design



- First priority after creation of division
- Start delayed by two months until December 2003 because of unexpected departure of designated team lead
- Based on number of existing requirement documents (scientific, operations, engineering, real-time)
- Additional constraint: compliance with models developed by the e2e oversight committee
 - Observatory, project, observing, science data
 - Challenge: development of models concurrent with overall design
 - Necessary (but not sufficient) condition for possible code re-use
- Series of three intermediate reviews by non-EVLA NRAO staff during spring 2004
- Final review by e2e oversight committee June 2004
- Approved by committee; final report not out yet

**NRAO
End-to-
End
Dataflow**





EVLA Dataflow



Dataflow



M&C Subsystem Design



- Logical next step after overall design
- Serves as foundation for
 - Specification of smaller development tasks
 - Identifying dependencies between these tasks
 - Assignment of resources to these tasks
 - Comprehensive project plan and WBS
- In EVLA computing: M&C subsystem design has been deferred in order to start implementation of M&C software transition plan allowing upgraded EVLA antennas to function in the VLA array
- M&C subsystem design and M&C software transition plan now closely interrelated
- E2e subsystems treated in later presentation



M&C Software Transition Plan



- Formulation and implementation of this plan started after the conclusion of the overall design
- Timeline determined by retirement of old and delivery of new hardware:
 - EVLA antennas taking part in the array
 - Retirement of MODCOMPs
 - Availability of prototype correlator
 - Availability of production WIDAR correlator
- 7 phases:
 - Phase I: one or more EVLA antennas in array
 - Started summer 2004
 - Software ready January 31, 2005
 - Phases II, III: off-load all MODCOMP-based functionality
 - Software ready December 31, 2005
 - Phases IV,V,VI,VII: WIDAR correlator related



Transition Plan and M&C Subsystem Design



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- At end of Phase I (January 31, 2005):
 - document details of each M&C subsystem under development
 - Convert document into prototype design for that subsystem
 - Identify smaller development tasks, their interdependencies, and resource needs
 - Produce first version of WBS
 - At end of Phase II (June 30, 2005):
 - refine design existing subsystems, development tasks, WBS
 - Add prototype design of remaining subsystems
 - M&C PDR?
 - Similar for remaining phases
 - This approach – using the transition plan as a design prototype - minimizes the amount of code that has to be rewritten