

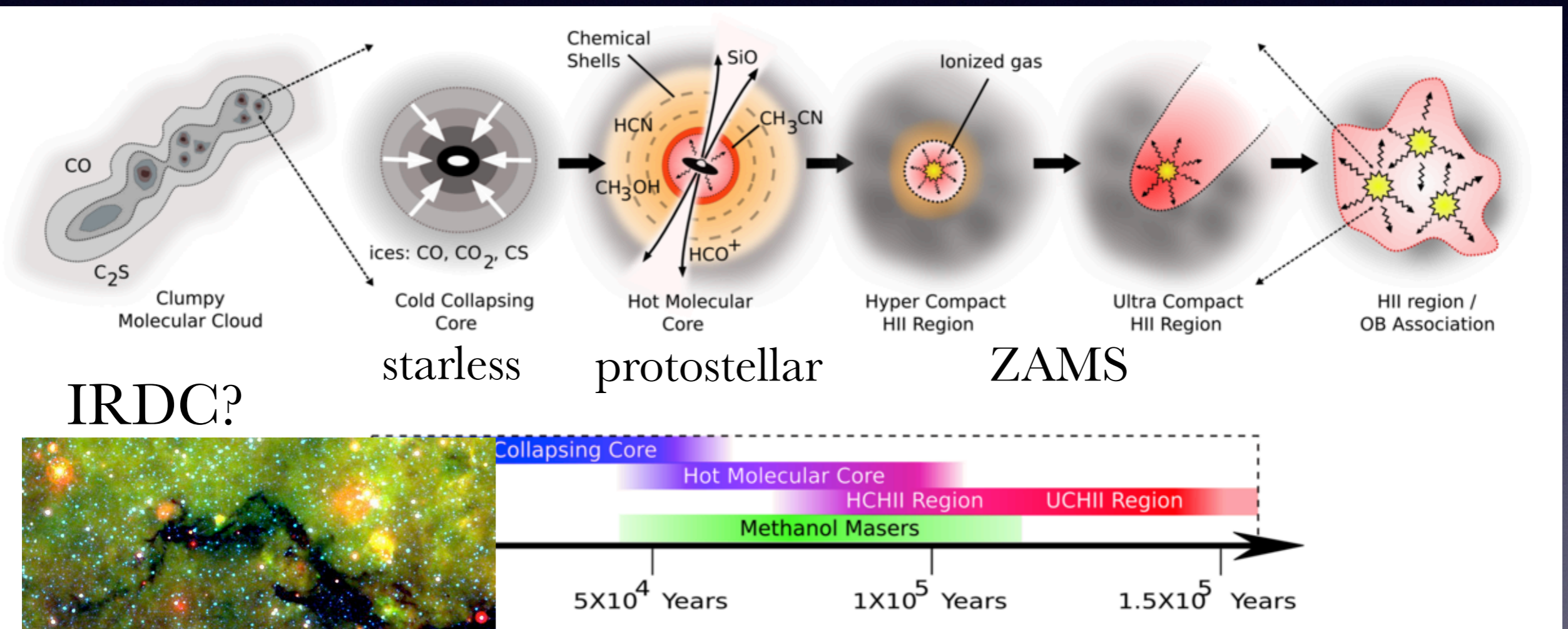
The Evolution of Outflows from High-Mass Stars

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High-Mass Star Formation



Cartoon from Cormac Purcell

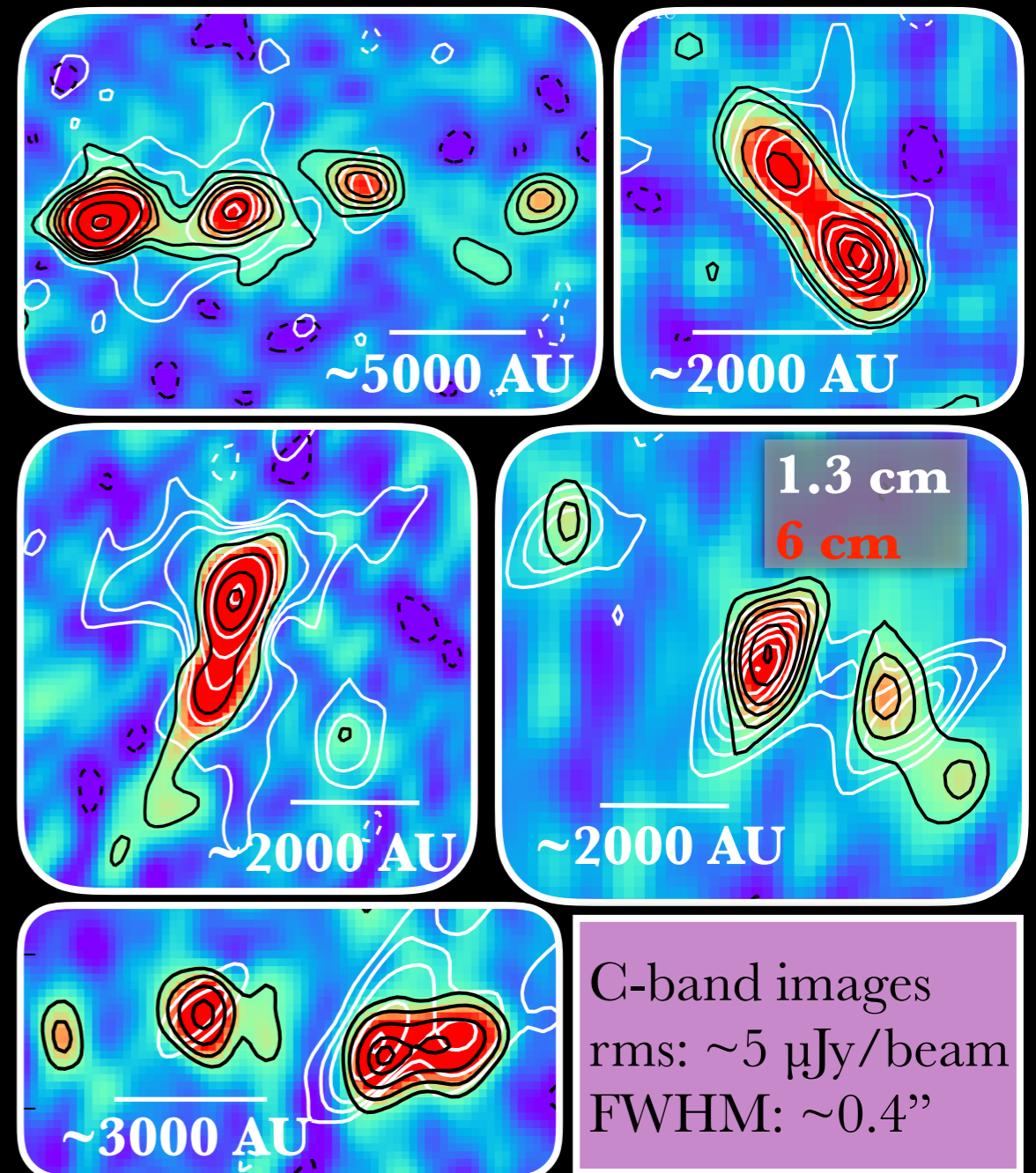
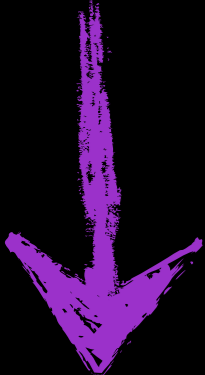
Credit: NASA, JPL-Caltech

Previous Work: Dissertation

Radio continuum may be detectable at weak levels in all HMCs

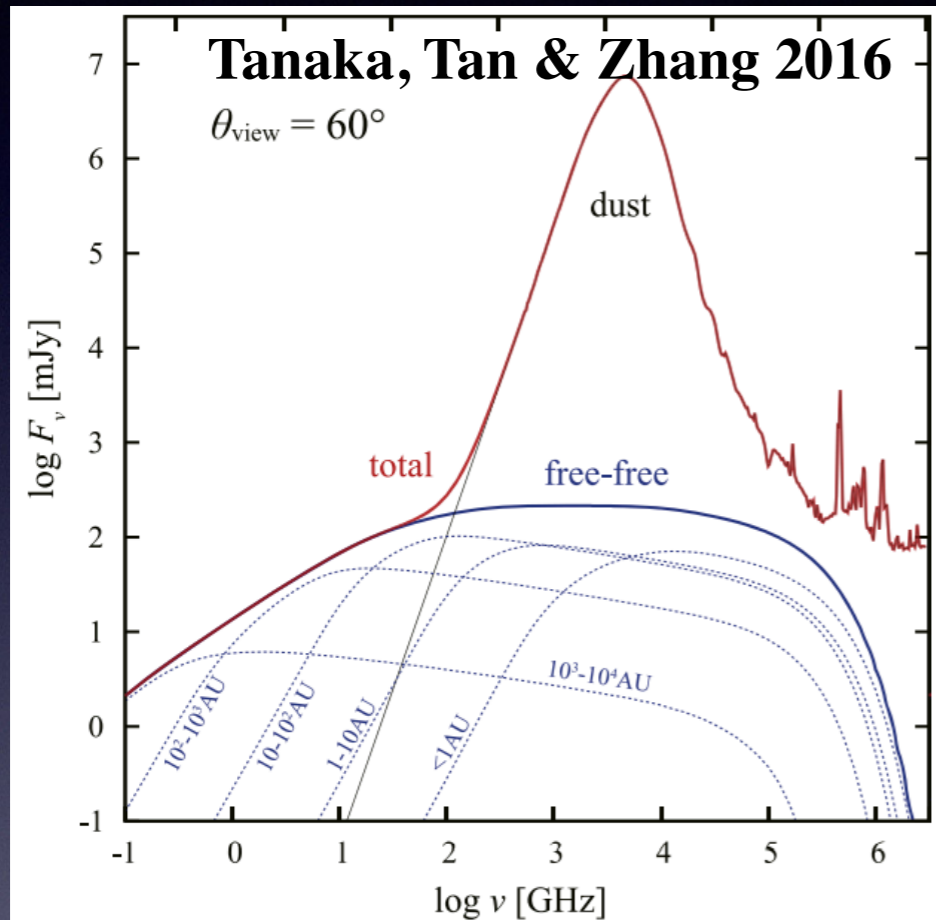
- 58 regions: 70 mm-associated radio sources
- Detection Rate:
 - 1/18 CMC: 6%
 - 8/15 CMC-IR: 53%
 - 25/25 HMC: 100%
- 12 ionized jets (+13 wind/jets candidates)
- Early stages of ionization are in the form of jets

Age?



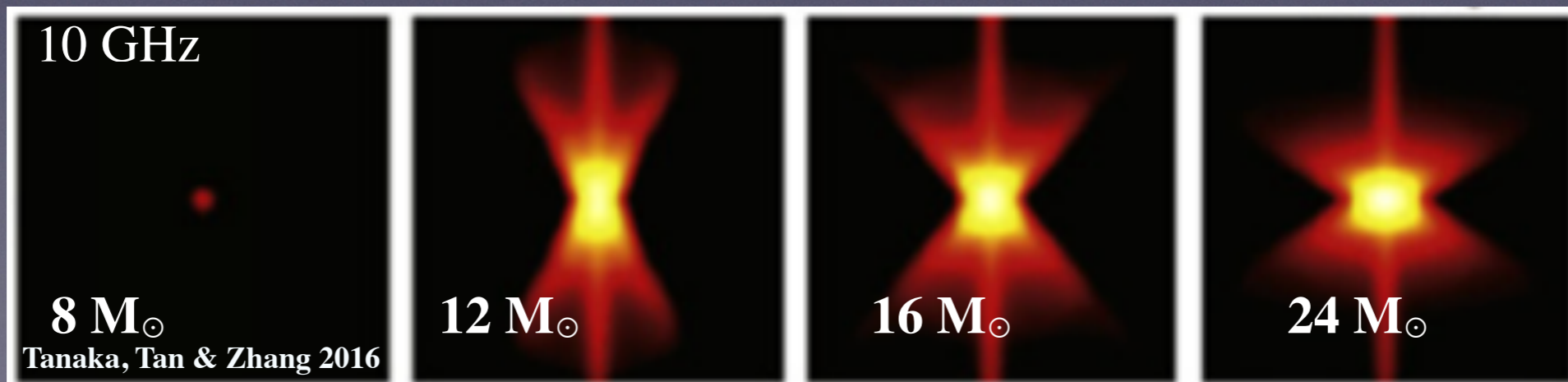
Ionized Jets

Predicted SED



Tanaka, Tan & Zhang (2016):
early stages of ionization

Predicted Radio Continuum



Expanded Sample

Probing different environments, evolutionary stages and core masses

Total of ~70 sources

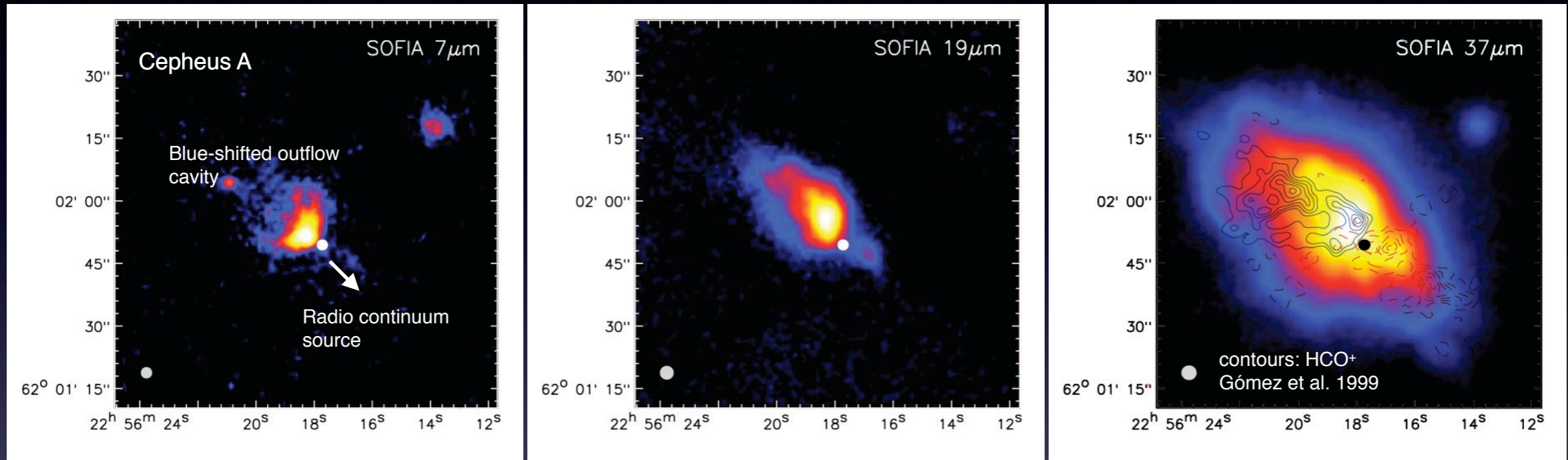
Dissertation Survey: Early stages of high-mass star formation (Rosero et al. 2016)

SOFIA Massive (SOMA) Star Formation Survey: IR-based survey (De Buizer et al. 2017).

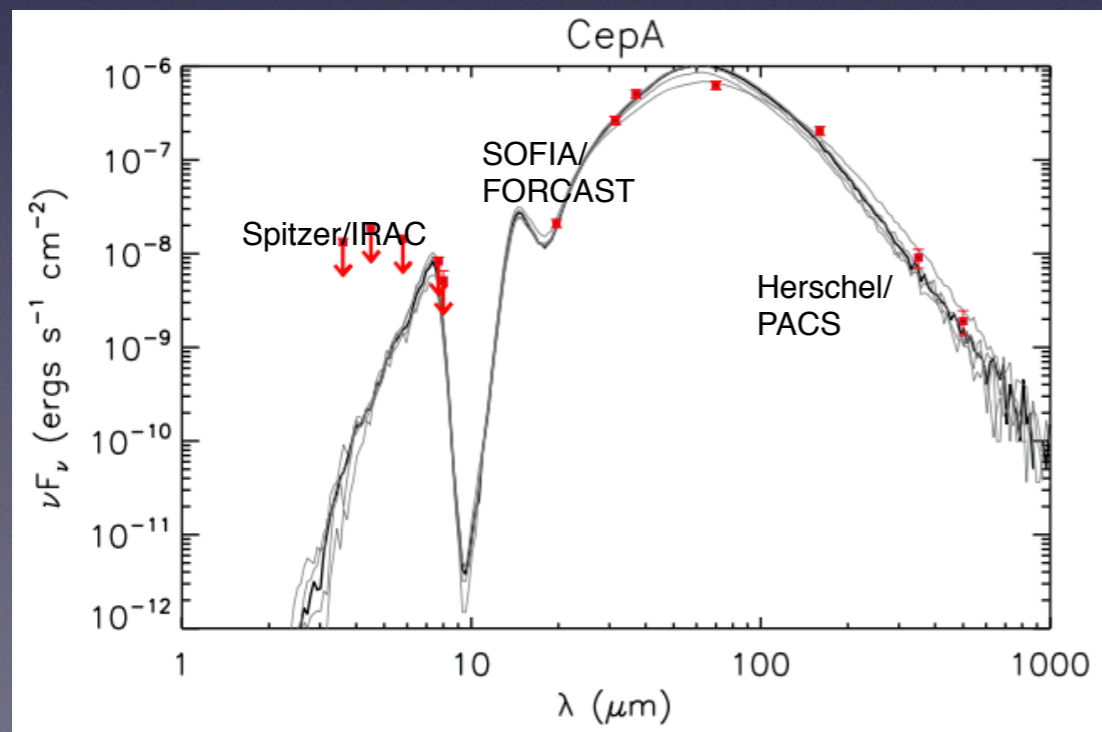
22 observed + SOFIA cycle 6 approved (PI: Tan)

SOMA Survey

Declination (J2000)



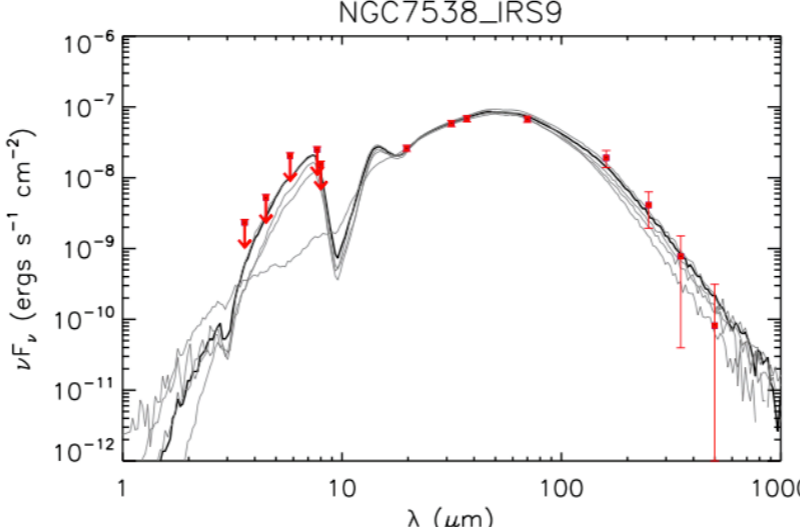
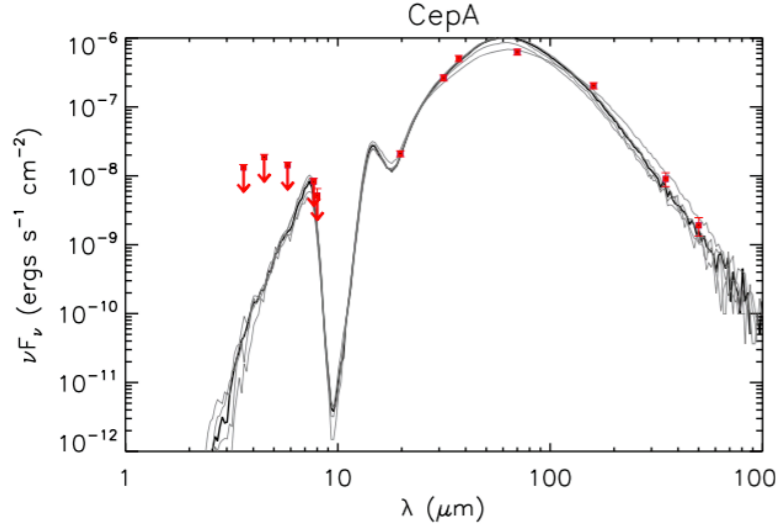
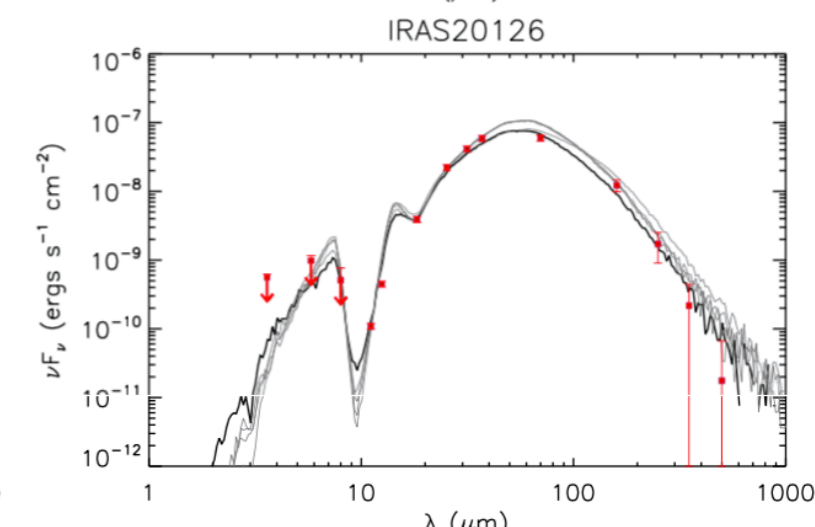
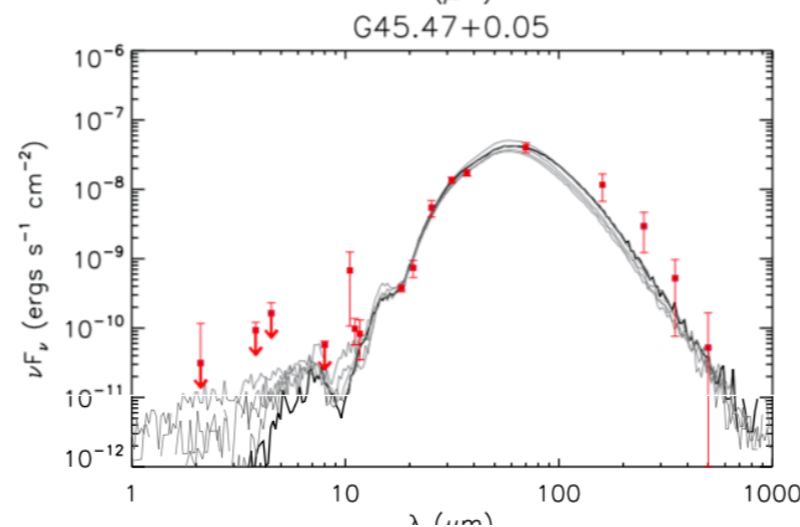
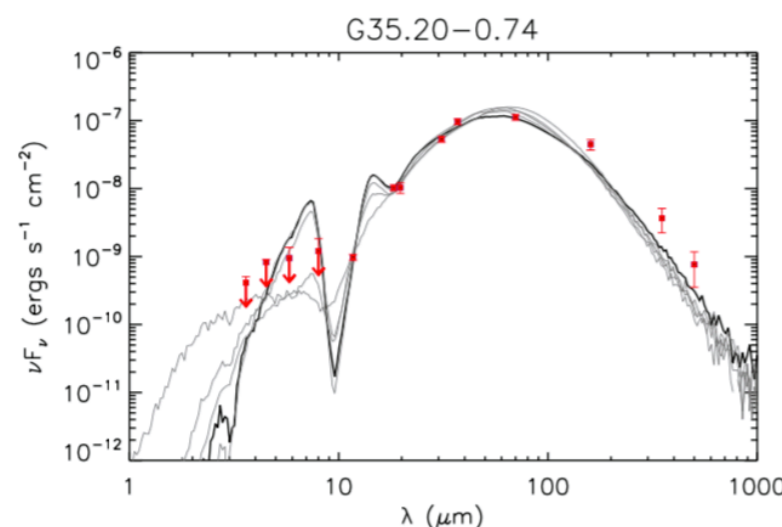
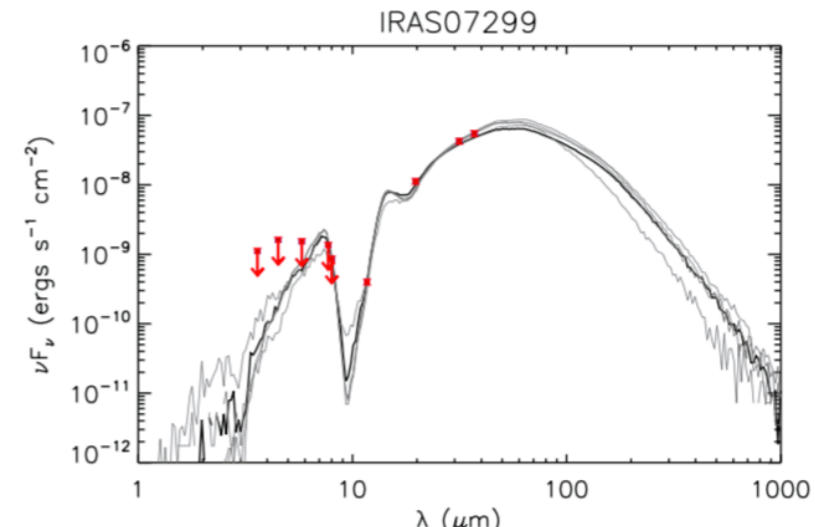
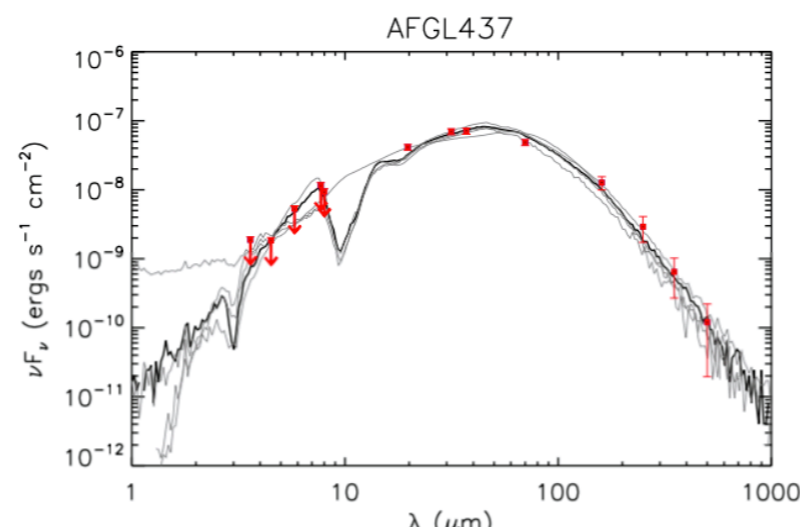
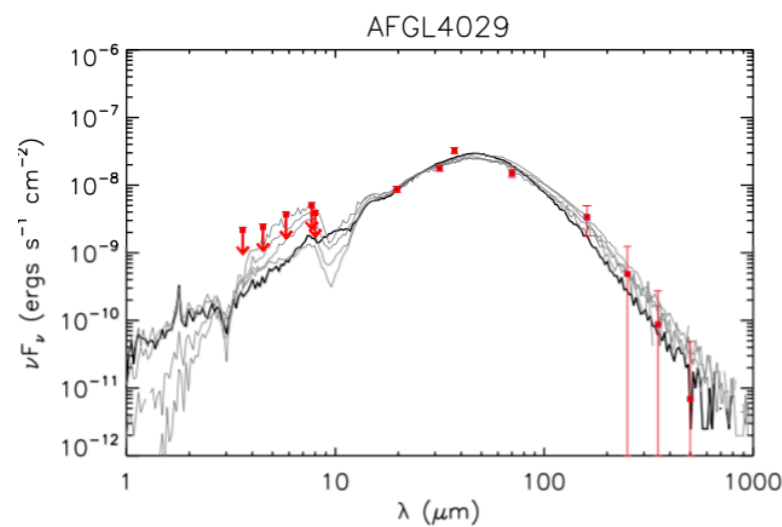
Right Ascension (J2000)



SOFIA FORCAST 10 - 40 μm
Resolution: $\lesssim 3''$

Zhang & Tan (2014; 2017) RT model based on core accretion scenario

SOMA Paper I: De Buizer et al. 2017



Zhang & Tan (2014;
2017)

Free parameters:

$M_c, \Sigma_{cl}, m_\star, \theta_{view}, A_v$

VLA Survey: Expanded Sample



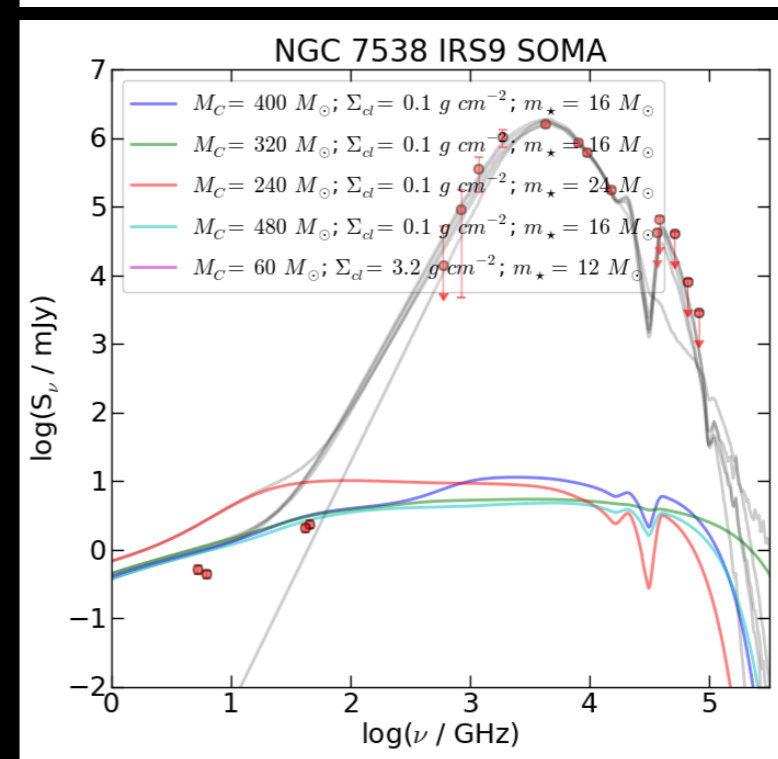
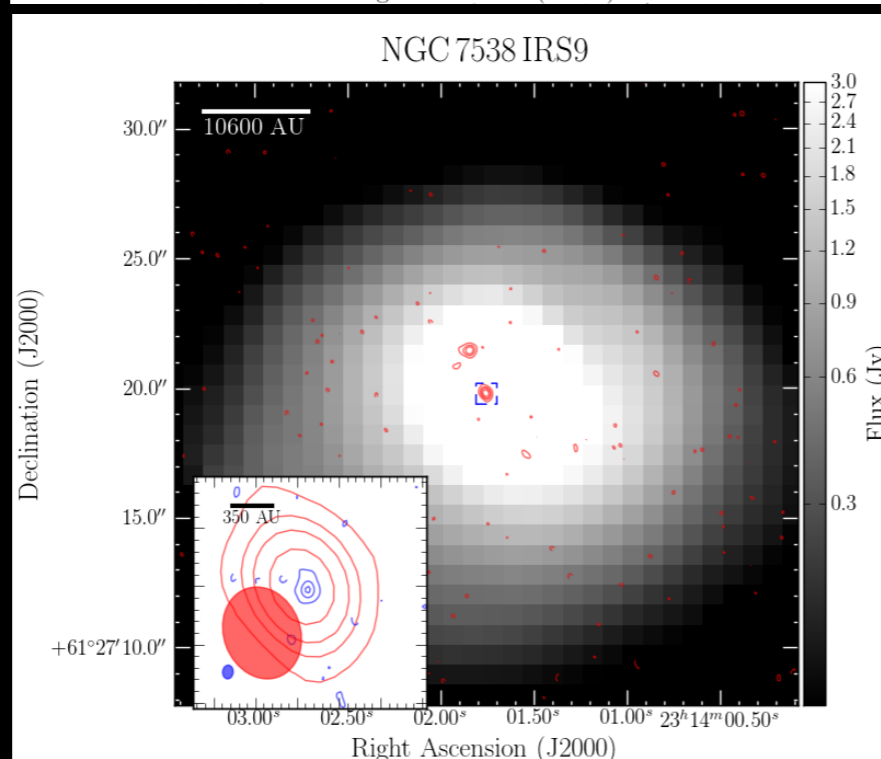
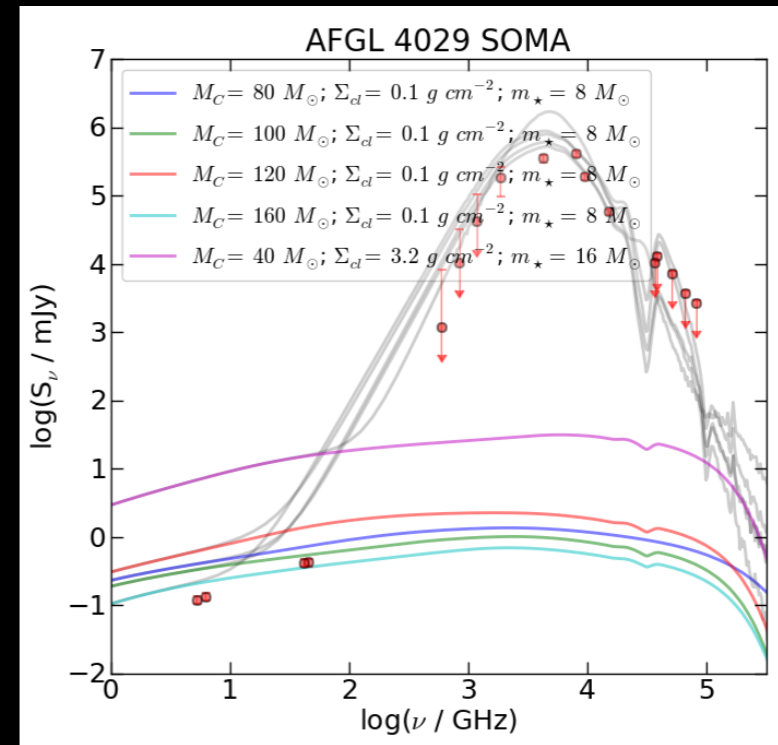
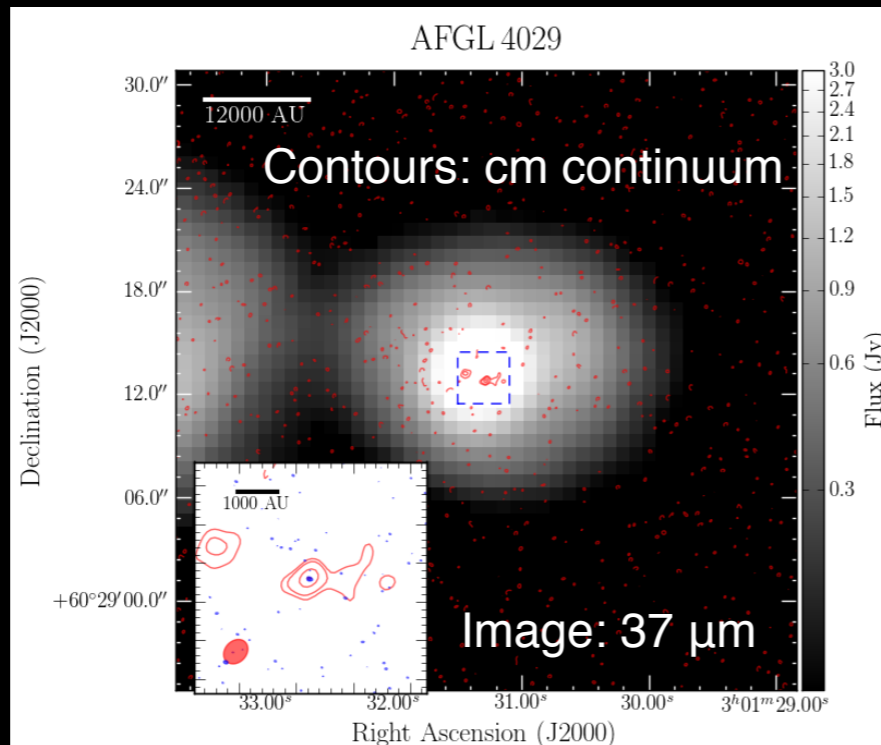
Very sensitive observations at 1.3 and 6 cm

- Radio continuum fluxes to constrain the ionizing luminosity of the source
- Precise location of the protostar
- Nature: ionized jet vs HII region?
- Multiplicity

Preliminary Results

Radio continuum is highly effective at breaking degeneracies encountered in the IR only analysis

Color lines: Predicted free-free component from
Tanaka, Zhang and Tan 2016



Gray lines: Five best fits to the Zhang & Tan models

Rosero et al. in prep

ALMA Follow-up: observations

- 10 CMC-IR and HMCs
- Average distance ~ 5 kpc
- $L_{\text{bol}} \sim 800 - 6 \times 10^4 L_{\odot}$
- Cycle 3 at Band 3 (PI: Rosero)
- SiO (2-1), HCO⁺, H¹³CO⁺(1-0), HCN, CS, H¹³CN...
- Cycle 5 (PI: Rosero; time granted for 8 SOMA sources)

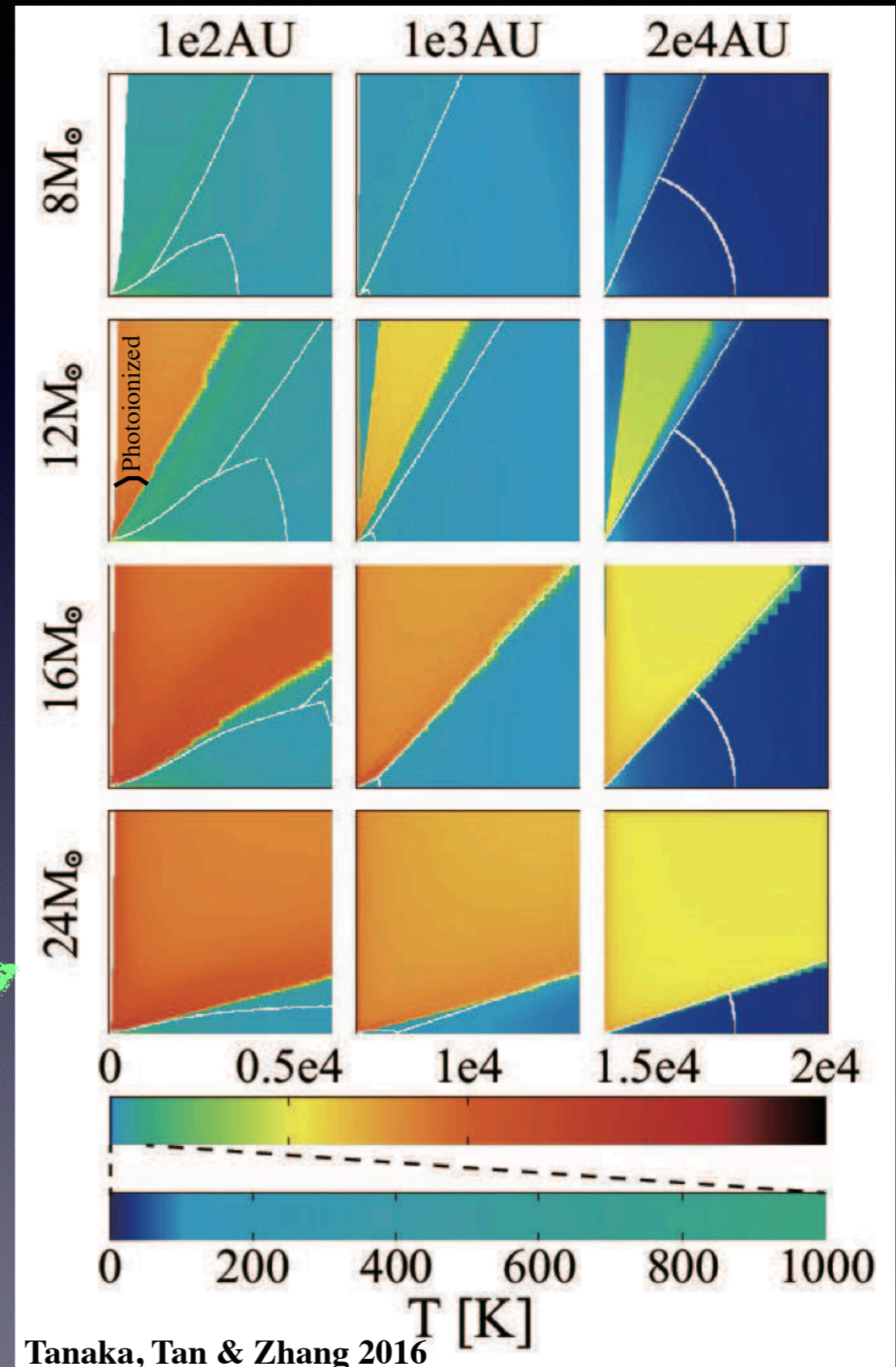


Credit: ALMA (ESO, NAOJ, NRAO)

Goal: Outflow Structure and Evolution

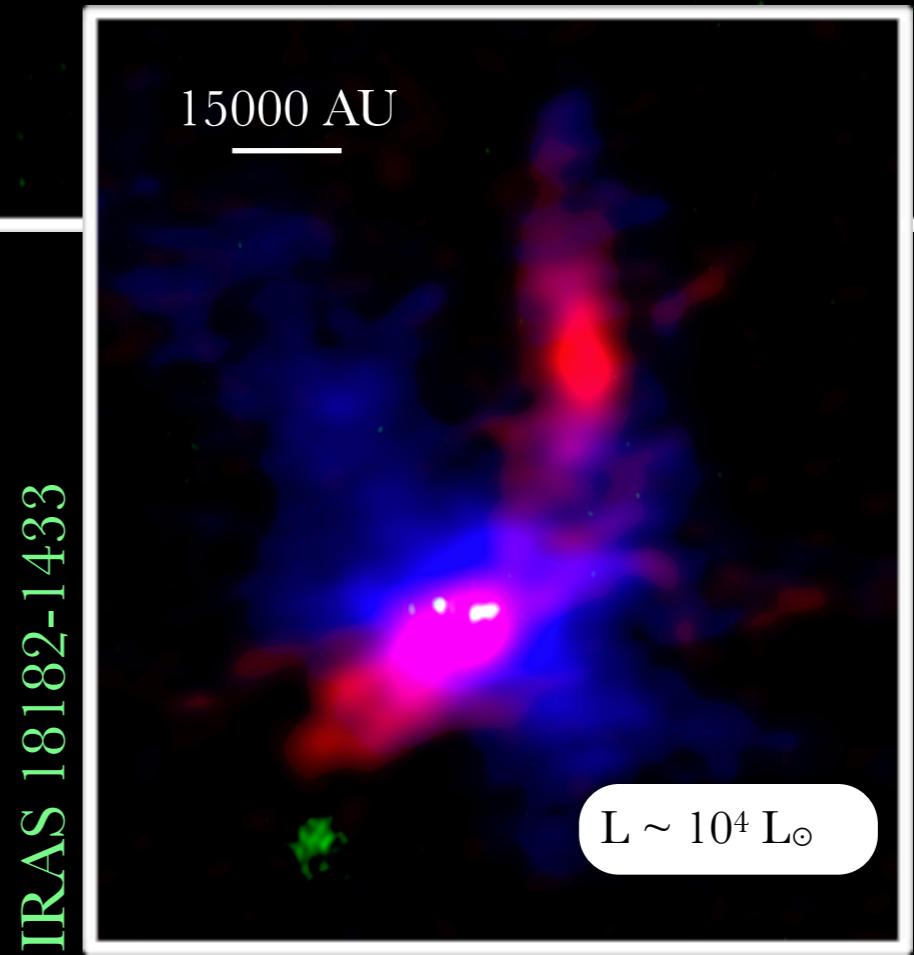
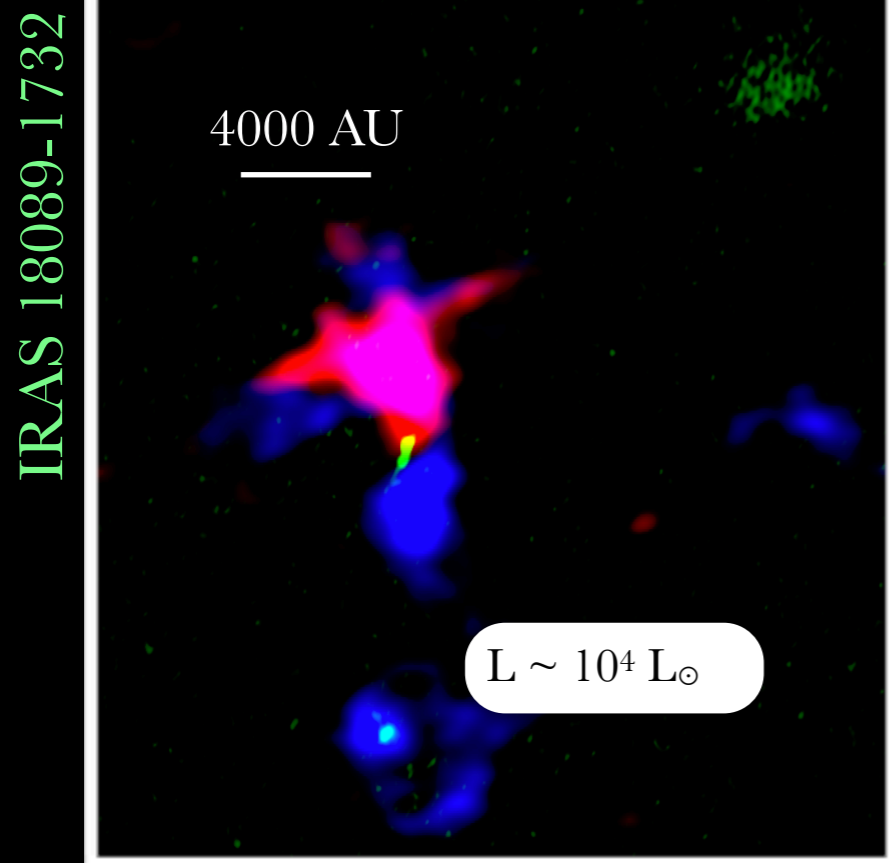
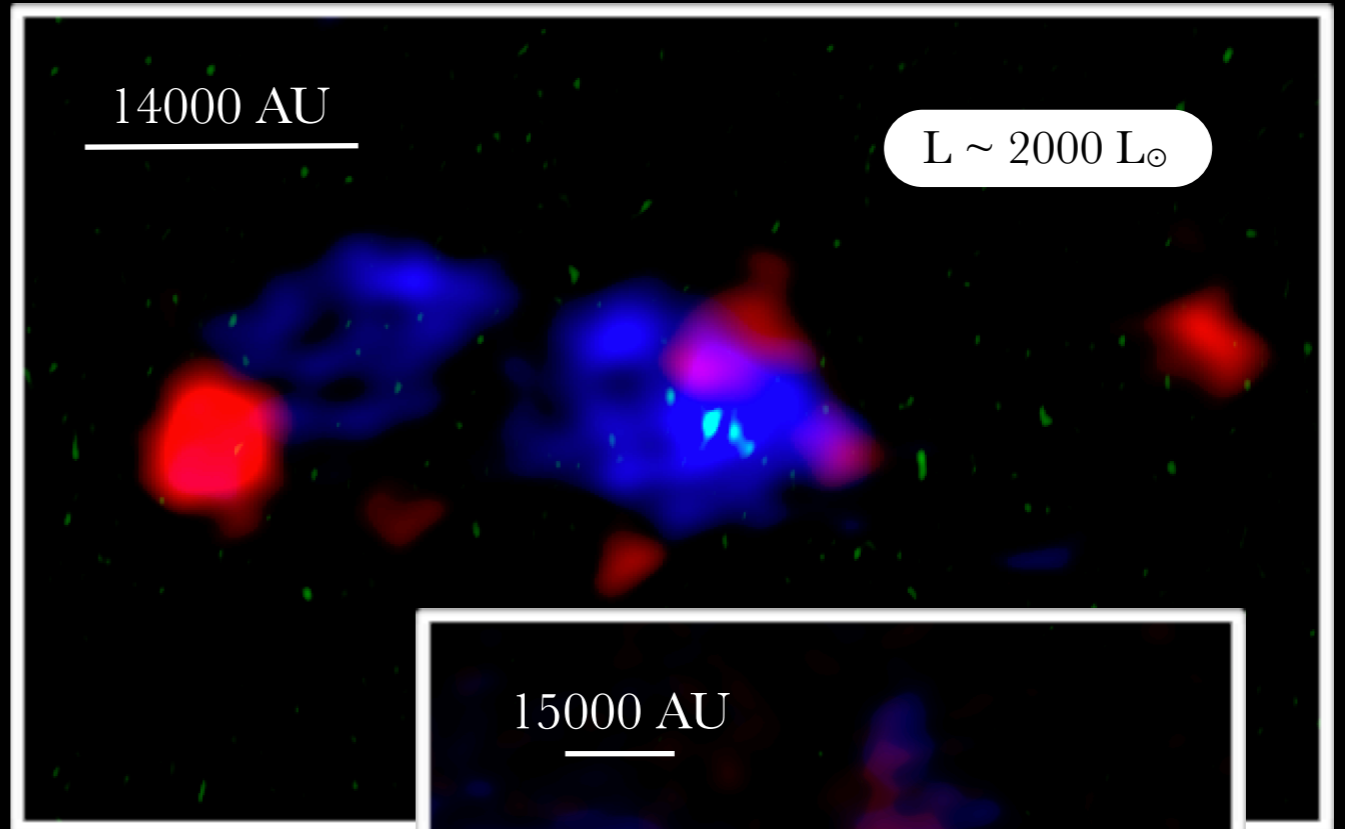
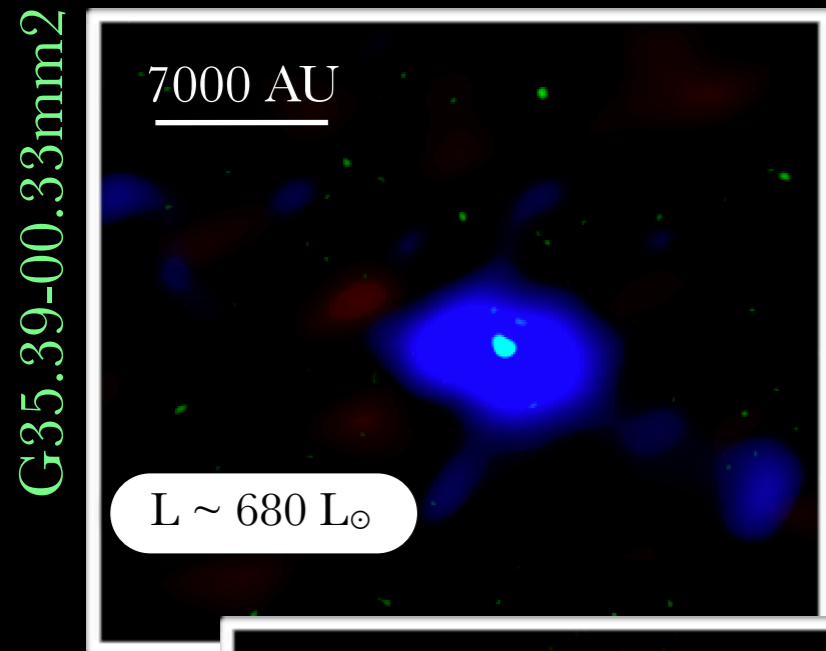
- Connection between ionized ($\sim 10^3 - 10^4$ au) and molecular ($> 10^4$ au) components of the flow
- **Evolution:** Outflow characteristics (e.g., opening angle, momentum rate) changing with time?
- **Properties:** energetics (e.g., \dot{P} , \dot{M}), spatial and kinematical structure, disentangle proto-clusters, association with ionized jets

Time evolution



ALMA High-Mass Protostar Observations: Molecular Outflows

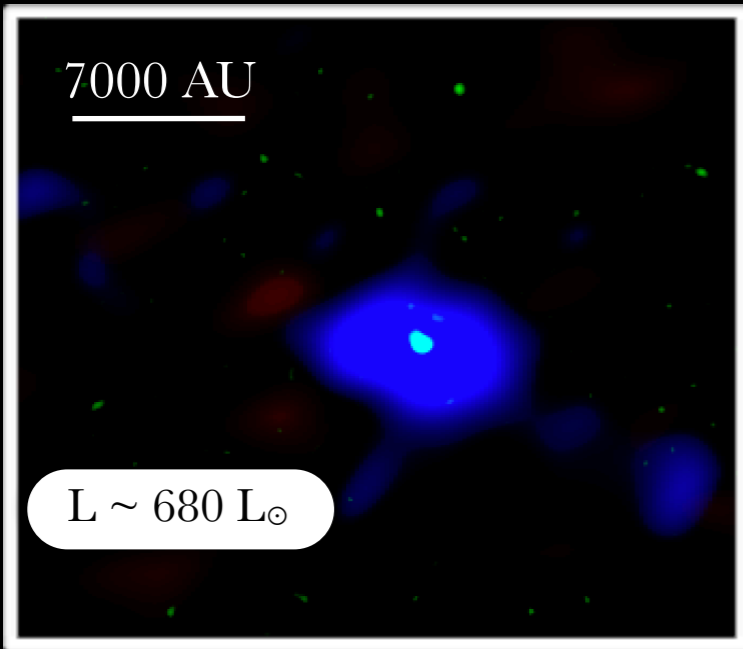
HCO⁺: entrained (or infall) material, **SiO**: shocked material, **C-band**: ionized material



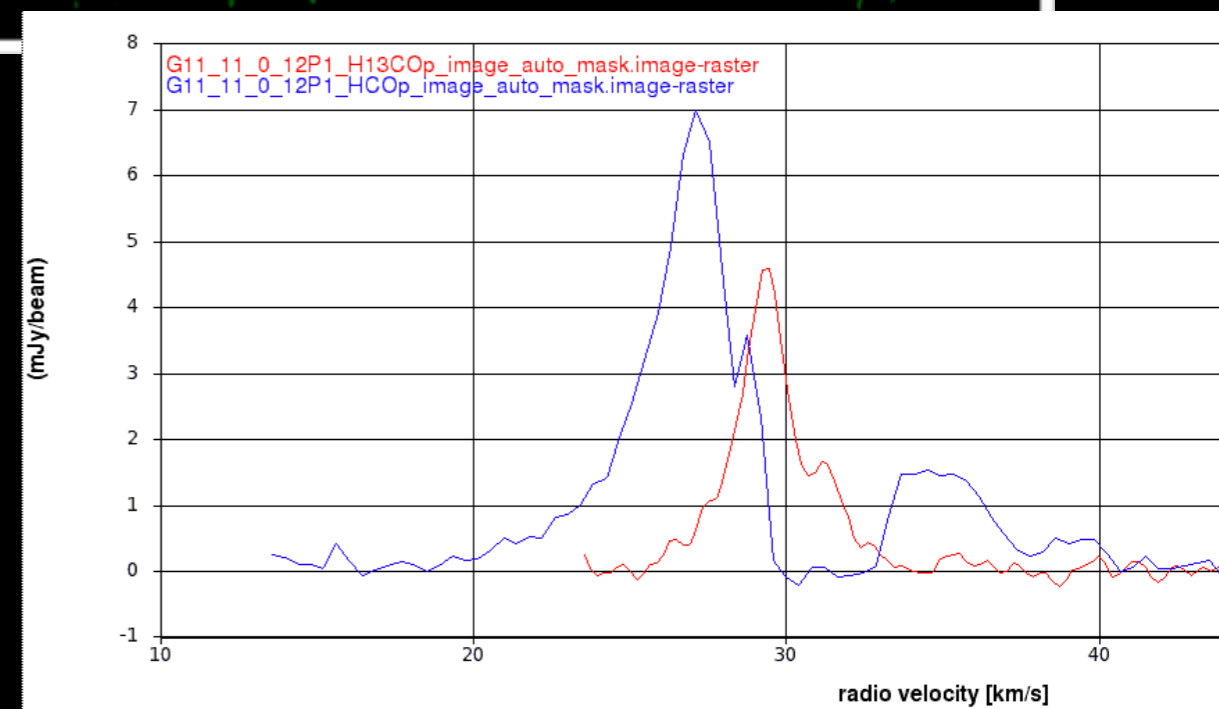
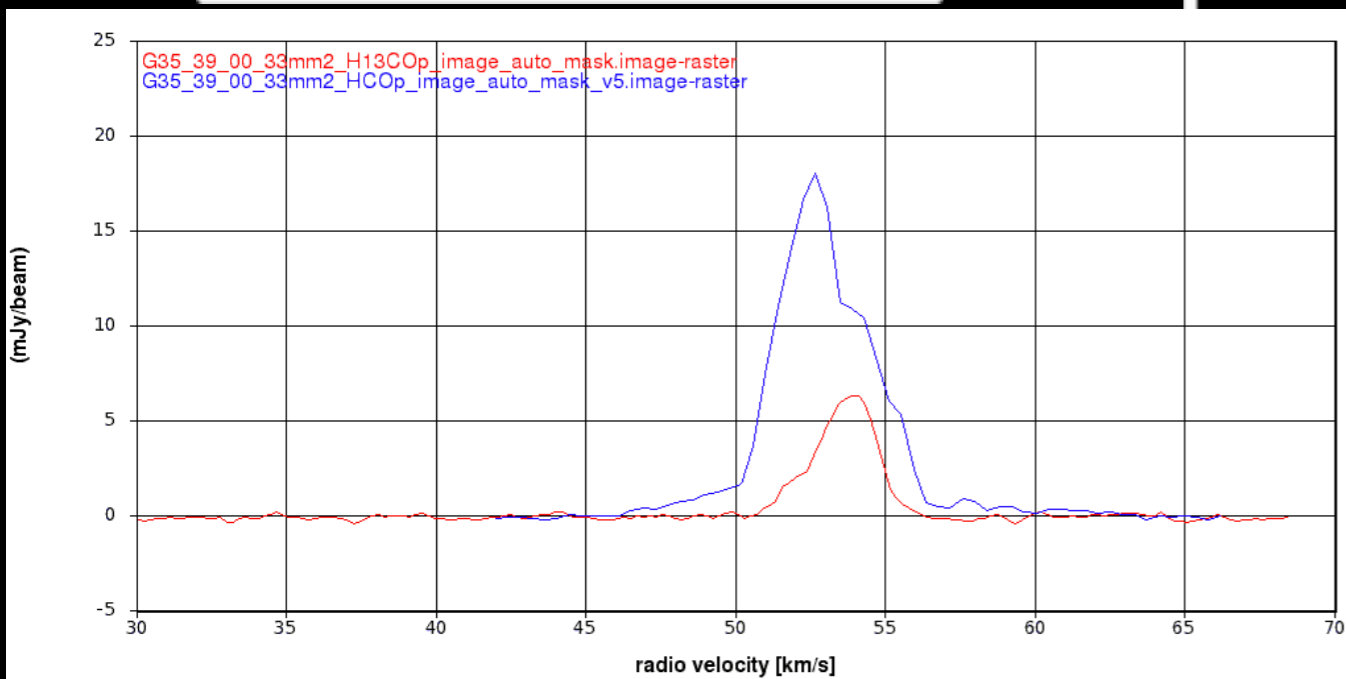
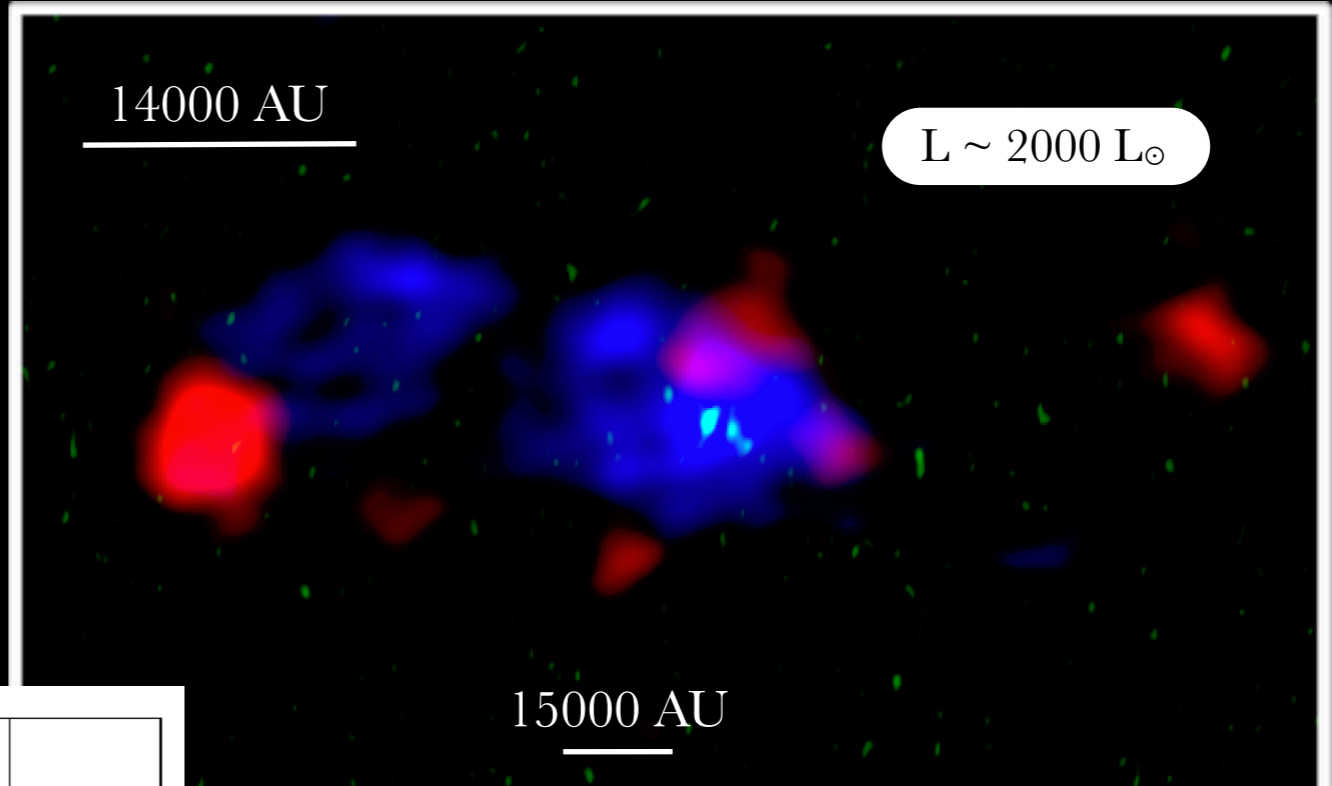
ALMA High-Mass Protostar Observations: Molecular Outflows

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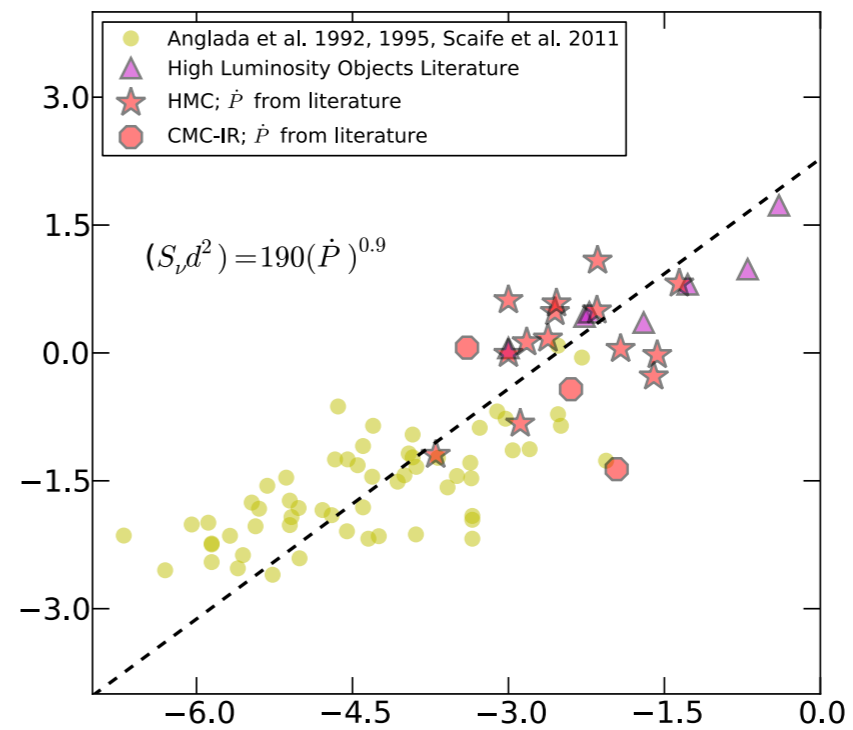
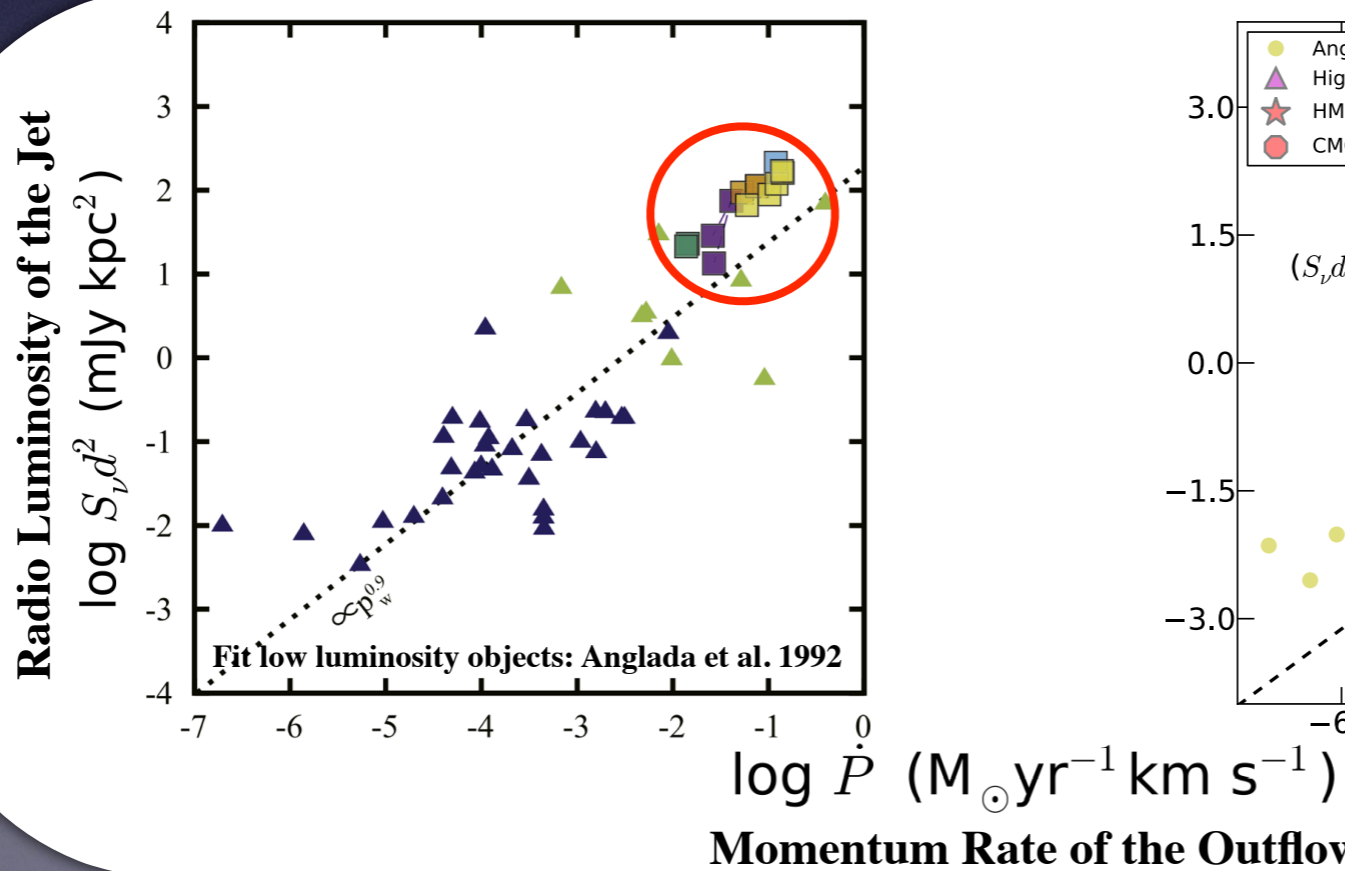
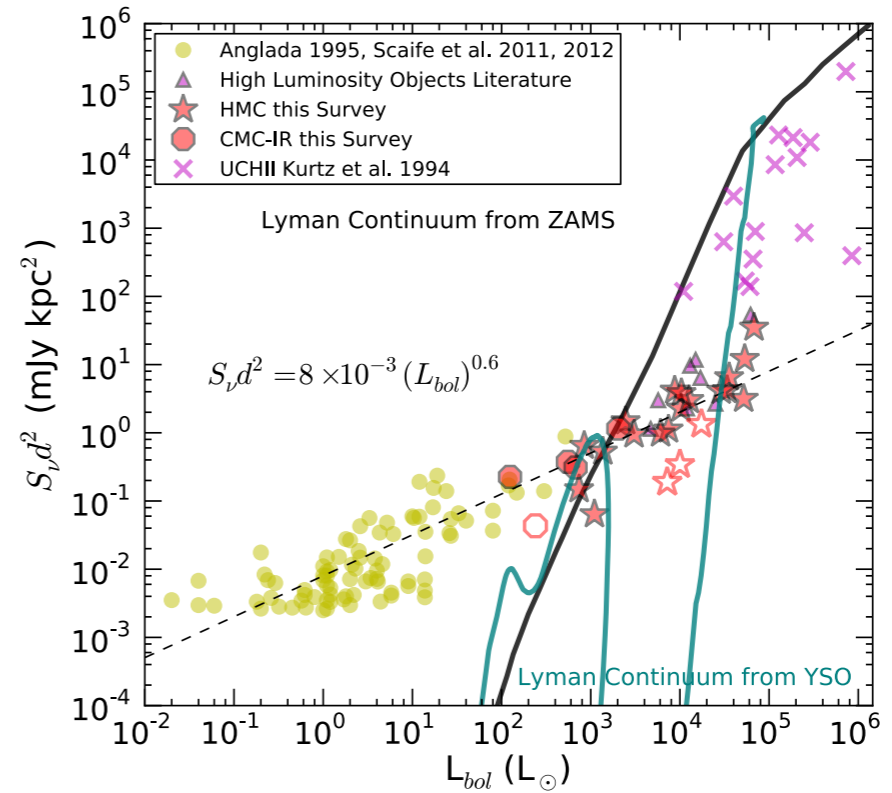
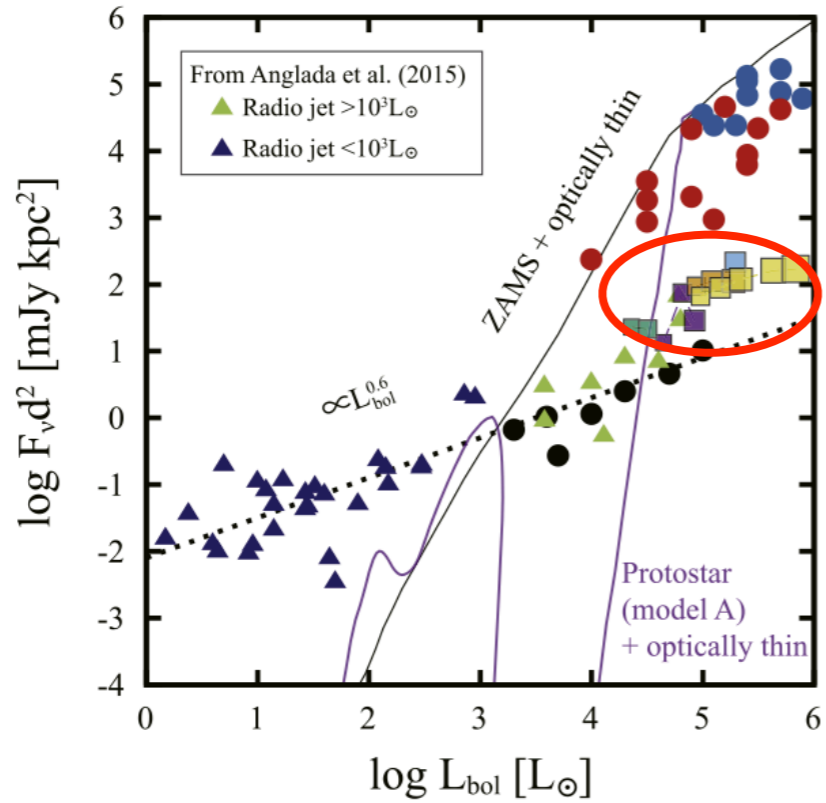
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Summary

- ① **Large sample (~ 70 sources) of high and intermediate mass stars**
- ① **Outflow cavities shape MIR to FIR morphology and SED**
- ① **Comprehensive comparison with theoretical models**
- ① **Fitting of IR SED alone has significant degeneracies**
- ① **Radio continuum is highly effective at breaking degeneracies**
- ① **Kinematic information is important to advance this study**



Evolution of protostellar properties with mass

Evolutionary $t_{acc} = \frac{m_*}{\dot{m}_*}$

Thermal adjustment $t_{KH} = \frac{Gm_*^2}{L_* r_*}$

Timescales

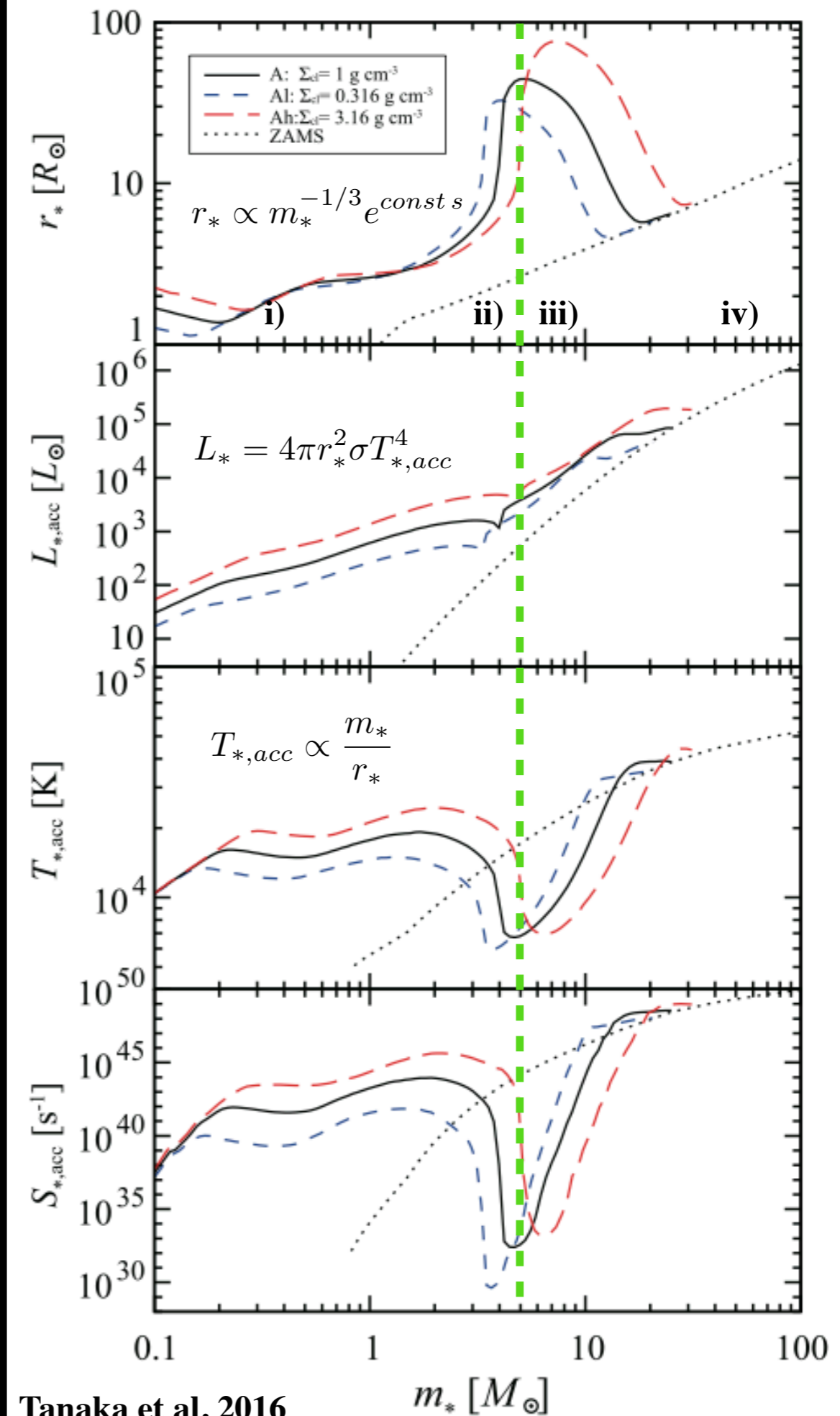
Equations from Hosokawa & Omukai 2009

i) $t_{acc} < t_{KH}$: star accreting

ii) $t_{acc} \approx t_{KH}$: star swelling

iii) $t_{acc} > t_{KH}$: star contracts

iv) ZAMS: central T increases



ALMA + VLA High-Mass Protostar

Observations: molecular outflows, ionized jets, masers, hint for disks?

